UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUA 1934	ANT TO SEC	TION 13 OR 15(d)	OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	ACT OF
	For the quarte	erly period ended June	30, 2021	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PUR OF 1934	SUANT TO S	SECTION 13 OR 15	6(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANG	E ACT
	For the tra	nsition period from	to	
	Commiss	ion File Number: 1-066	220	
		N CORPORA egistrant as specified in i		
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)			11-1893410 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
712 Fifth Ave, 18th Floor (Address of principal executiv	New York e offices)	New York	10019 (Zip Code)	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class		ohone number, including Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered	
Common Stock, \$0.25 par value		FF	New York Stock Exchange	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant wo				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submit (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months				gulation S-T
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accompany. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer,"				
Large accelerated filer	\boxtimes A	Accelerated filer		
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company		
If an emerging growth company, indicate by cl new or revised financial accounting standards	neck mark if the re	Emerging growth company gistrant has elected not to ut to Section 13(a) of the Excl	$\hfill\Box$ use the extended transition period for complying with an lange Act. \Box	y
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell co.	-			
The number of shares of common stock outstanding at Jun	ne 30, 2021 was 56	5,676,975.		

Griffon Corporation and Subsidiaries

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Part I – Financial Information Item 1 – Financial Statements

GRIFFON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands)

	(1	Unaudited) June 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and equivalents	\$	220,697	\$ 218,089
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$9,542 and \$8,505		363,046	340,546
Contract assets, net of progress payments of \$20,821 and \$24,175		74,341	84,426
Inventories		510,309	413,825
Prepaid and other current assets		57,770	46,897
Assets of discontinued operations		695	 2,091
Total Current Assets		1,226,858	1,105,874
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net		338,762	343,964
OPERATING LEASE RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS		150,924	161,627
GOODWILL		445,749	442,643
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net		355,488	355,028
OTHER ASSETS		27,275	32,897
ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		3,607	6,406
Total Assets	\$	2,548,663	\$ 2,448,439
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Notes payable and current portion of long-term debt	\$	13,024	\$ 9,922
Accounts payable		258,914	232,107
Accrued liabilities		160,002	163,994
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		30,896	31,848
Liabilities of discontinued operations		3,641	3,797
Total Current Liabilities		466,477	441,668
LONG-TERM DEBT, net		1,042,612	1,037,042
LONG-TERM OPERATING LEASE LIABILITIES		124,588	136,054
OTHER LIABILITIES		124,933	126,510
LIABILITIES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		4,712	7,014
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	1,763,322	1,748,288
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - See Note 22			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Total Shareholders' Equity		785,341	700,151
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	2,548,663	\$ 2,448,439

GRIFFON CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

	COMMO	N S	тоск	CAPITAL IN -			TREASUR	Y SHARES	ACCUMULATED OTHER				
(in thousands)	SHARES	,	PAR /ALUE		CESS OF R VALUE		ETAINED ARNINGS	SHARES	COST	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	,	TOTAL
Balance at September 30, 2020	83,739	\$	20,935	\$	583,008	\$	607,518	27,610	\$ (413,493)	\$ (72,092)	\$ (25,725)	\$	700,151
Net income	_		_		_		29,500	_	_	_	_		29,500
Dividend	_		_		_		(4,469)	_	_	_	_		(4,469)
Shares withheld on employee taxes on vested equity awards	_		_		_		_	133	(2,909)	_	_		(2,909)
Amortization of deferred compensation	_		_		_		_	_	_	_	609		609
Equity awards granted, net	494		123		(123)		_	_	_	_	_		_
ESOP allocation of common stock	_		_		596		_	_	_	_	_		596
Stock-based compensation	_		_		3,428		_	_	_	_	_		3,428
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		_		_		_	_	_	13,141	_		13,141
Balance at December 31, 2020	84,233	\$	21,058	\$	586,909	\$	632,549	27,743	\$ (416,402)	\$ (58,951)	\$ (25,116)		740,047
Net income	_		_		_		17,112	_	_	_	_		17,112
Dividend	_		_		_		(3,217)	_	_	_	_		(3,217)
Amortization of deferred compensation	_		_		_		_	_	_	_	609		609
Equity awards granted, net	194		48		(48)		_	_	_	_	_		_
ESOP allocation of common stock	_		_		756		_	_	_	_	_		756
Stock-based compensation			_		4,349		_	_	_	_	_		4,349
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		_		_		_	_	_	4,775	_		4,775
Balance at March 31, 2021	84,427	\$	21,106	\$	591,966	\$	646,444	27,743	\$ (416,402)	\$ (54,176)	\$ (24,507)	\$	764,431
Net income	_		_		_		16,707	_	_	_	_		16,707
Dividend	_		_				(4,546)	_	_	_	_		(4,546)
Amortization of deferred compensation	_		_		_		_	_	_	_	610		610
Equity awards granted, net	(7)		(2)		2		_	_	_	_	_		_
ESOP allocation of common stock	_		_		856		_	_	_	_	_		856
Stock-based compensation	_		_		4,544		_	_	_	_	_		4,544
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		_		_		_	_	_	2,739	_		2,739
Balance at June 30, 2021	84,420	\$	21,104	\$	597,368	\$	658,605	27,743	\$ (416,402)	\$ (51,437)	\$ (23,897)	\$	785,341

GRIFFON CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Three and Nine Months Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	COMMO	N S	TOCK	C	CAPITAL IN -		TREASUR	Y SHARES	ACCUMULATED OTHER				
(in thousands)	SHARES	,	PAR VALUE		CESS OF		ETAINED ARNINGS	SHARES	COST	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	DEFERRED COMPENSATION		TOTAL
Balance at September 30, 2019	82,775	\$	20,694	\$	519,017	\$	568,516	35,969	\$ (536,308)	\$ (65,916)		\$	477,763
Net income		-		-	_	-	10,612	_		_	(20,210)	-	10,612
Dividend	_		_		_		(3,392)	_	_	_	_		(3,392)
Shares withheld on employee taxes on vested equity awards	_		_		_		_	80	(1,758)	_	_		(1,758)
Amortization of deferred compensation	_		_		_		_	_	_	_	629		629
Equity awards granted, net	182		45		(45)		_	_	_	_	_		_
ESOP allocation of common stock	_		_		609		_	_	_	_	_		609
Stock-based compensation	_		_		3,150		_	_	_	_	_		3,150
Stock-based consideration	_		_		239		_	_	_	_	_		239
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		_		_		_	_	_	6,841	_		6,841
Balance at December 31, 2019	82,957	\$	20,739	\$	522,970	\$	575,736	36,049	\$ (538,066)	\$ (59,075)	\$ (27,611)	\$	494,693
Net income	_		_		_		895	_	_	_	_		895
Dividend	_		_		_		(3,422)	_	_	_	_		(3,422)
Shares withheld on employee taxes on vested equity awards	_		_		_		_	261	(5,721)	_	_		(5,721)
Amortization of deferred compensation	_		_		_		_	_	_	_	629		629
Equity awards granted, net	784		196		(196)		_	_	_	_	_		_
ESOP allocation of common stock	_		_		435		_	_	_	_	_		435
Stock-based compensation	_		_		3,662		_	_	_	_	_		3,662
Stock-based consideration	_		_		117		_	_	_	_	_		117
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		_		_		_	_	_	(14,834)	_		(14,834)
Balance at March 31, 2020	83,741	\$	20,935	\$	526,988	\$	573,209	36,310	\$ (543,787)	\$ (73,909)	\$ (26,982)	\$	476,454
Net income	_		_		_		21,831	_	_	_	_		21,831
Dividend	_		_		_		(3,558)	_	_	_	_		(3,558)
Amortization of deferred compensation	_		_		_		_	_	_	_	628		628
Equity awards granted, net	(6)		(1)		1		_	_	_	_	_		_
ESOP allocation of common stock	_		_		352		_	_	_	_	_		352
Stock-based compensation	_		_		3,930		_	_	_	_	_		3,930
Stock-based consideration	_		_		116		_	_	_	_	_		116
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_		_		_		_	_	_	8,702	_		8,702
Balance at June 30, 2020	83,735	\$	20,934	\$	531,387	\$	591,482	36,310	\$ (543,787)	\$ (65,207)	\$ (26,354)	\$	508,455

GRIFFON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

		Three Months	Enc	ded June 30,	Nine Months Ended June 30,					
	2021			2020	2021		2020			
Revenue	\$	646,792	\$	632,061	\$ 1,890,915	\$	1,746,849			
Cost of goods and services		476,727		467,058	1,380,362		1,279,893			
Gross profit		170,065		165,003	510,553		466,956			
Selling, general and administrative expenses		125,579		113,509	 373,963		357,774			
Income from operations		44,486		51,494	136,590		109,182			
Other income (expense)										
Interest expense		(15,849)		(16,725)	(47,370)		(49,807)			
Interest income		50		140	399		711			
Gain on sale of business		_		_	5,291		_			
Loss from debt extinguishment, net		_		(1,235)	_		(7,925)			
Other, net		386		806	1,192		2,199			
Total other expense, net		(15,413)		(17,014)	(40,488)		(54,822)			
Income before taxes		29,073		34,480	96,102		54,360			
Provision for income taxes		12,366		12,649	32,783		21,022			
Net income	\$	16,707	\$	21,831	\$ 63,319	\$	33,338			
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.33	\$	0.52	\$ 1.25	\$	0.80			
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding		50,903		41,712	50,779		41,483			
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.31	\$	0.50	\$ 1.19	\$	0.76			
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding		53,504	_	43,774	53,306		43,818			
Dividends paid per common share	\$	0.08	\$	0.075	\$ 0.24	\$	0.225			
Net income	\$	16,707	\$	21,831	\$ 63,319	\$	33,338			
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes:										
Foreign currency translation adjustments		1,160		9,508	15,022		(493)			
Pension and other post retirement plans		1,245		1,139	4,196		2,480			
Change in cash flow hedges		351		(1,945)	1,454		(1,278)			
Change in available-for-sale securities		(17)		_	(17)		_			
Total other comprehensive income, net of taxes		2,739		8,702	20,655		709			
Comprehensive income, net	\$	19,446	\$	30,533	\$ 83,974	\$	34,047			

GRIFFON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,			ded June
		2021		2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$	63,319	\$	33,338
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		46,955		47,067
Stock-based compensation		15,092		12,809
Asset impairment charges - restructuring		9,483		4,692
Provision for losses on accounts receivable		173		512
Amortization of debt discounts and issuance costs		2,019		2,871
Loss from debt extinguishment, net		_		7,925
Deferred income taxes		7,351		448
Loss (gain) on sale of assets and investments		155		(261)
Gain on sale of business		(5,291)		_
Change in assets and liabilities, net of assets and liabilities acquired:				
Increase in accounts receivable and contract assets, net		(9,684)		(81,718)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(100,536)		34,518
Increase in prepaid and other assets		(2,449)		(17,393)
Increase in accounts payable, accrued liabilities, income taxes payable and operating lease liabilities		13,821		10,536
Other changes, net		1,611		600
Net cash provided by operating activities		42,019		55,944
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(33,889)		(34,751)
Acquired businesses, net of cash acquired		(2,242)		(10,531)
Proceeds from sale of business, net		14,345		_
Investment purchases		(4,658)		_
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment		116		339
Other, net		28		(130)
Net cash used in investing activities		(26,300)		(45,073)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Dividends paid		(12,907)		(10,639)
Purchase of shares for treasury		(2,909)		(7,479)
Proceeds from long-term debt		20,587		1,230,618
Payments of long-term debt		(18,255)	(1,205,231)
Financing costs		(571)		(16,543)
Other, net		(272)		(31)
Net cash used in financing activities		(14,327)		(9,305)

GRIFFON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,			
	2021		2020	
CASH FLOWS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:				
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,60	59)	(2,899)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,7	49	418	
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations	1,0	30	(2,481)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents	1	36	537	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	2,6	08	(378)	
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	218,0	39	72,377	
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 220,6	97 \$	71,999	

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

(Unless otherwise indicated, references to years or year-end refer to Griffon's fiscal period ending September 30)

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

About Griffon Corporation

Griffon Corporation (the "Company", "Griffon", "we" or "us") is a diversified management and holding company that conducts business through wholly-owned subsidiaries. Griffon oversees the operations of its subsidiaries, allocates resources among them and manages their capital structures. Griffon provides direction and assistance to its subsidiaries in connection with acquisition and growth opportunities as well as in connection with divestitures. In order to further diversify, Griffon also seeks out, evaluates and, when appropriate, will acquire additional businesses that offer potentially attractive returns on capital.

The Company was founded in 1959, is a Delaware corporation headquartered in New York, N.Y. and is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE:GFF).

Griffon currently conducts its operations through three reportable segments:

- Consumer and Professional Products ("CPP") conducts its operations through The AMES Companies, Inc. ("AMES"). Founded in 1774, AMES is the leading North American manufacturer and a global provider of branded consumer and professional tools and products for home storage and organization, landscaping, and enhancing outdoor lifestyles. CPP sells products globally through a portfolio of leading brands including True Temper, AMES, and ClosetMaid.
- Home and Building Products ("HBP") conducts its operations through Clopay Corporation ("Clopay"). Founded in 1964, Clopay is the largest
 manufacturer and marketer of garage doors and rolling steel doors in North America. Residential and commercial sectional garage doors are sold
 through professional dealers and leading home center retail chains throughout North America under the brands Clopay, Ideal, and Holmes. Rolling
 steel door and grille products designed for commercial, industrial, institutional, and retail use are sold under the CornellCookson brand.
- Defense Electronics ("DE") conducts its operations through Telephonics Corporation ("Telephonics"), founded in 1933, a globally recognized leading provider of highly sophisticated intelligence, surveillance and communications solutions for defense, aerospace and commercial customers.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19 a pandemic, which continues to spread throughout the U.S. and the world. The impact from the rapidly changing U.S. and global market and economic conditions due to the COVID-19 outbreak is uncertain, with disruptions to the business of our customers and suppliers, which has, and could continue, to impact our business and consolidated results of operations and financial condition. As of the date of this filing, all of Griffon's facilities are fully operational. We have implemented a variety of new policies and procedures, including additional cleaning, social distancing, staggered shifts and prohibiting or significantly restricting on-site visitors, to minimize the risk to our employees of contracting COVID-19. In the United States, we manufacture a substantial majority of the products that we sell. While this helps mitigate the effects of global supplier and transportation disruptions, we are still impacted and are unable to accurately predict the impact COVID-19 will have due to numerous uncertainties, including the severity of the disease, the duration of the outbreak, actions that may be taken by governmental authorities, the impact to our customers' and suppliers' businesses and other factors identified in Part II, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in this Form 10-Q. We will continue to evaluate the nature and extent of the impact to our business, consolidated results of operations, and financial condition.

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") for interim financial information, and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all the information and footnotes required by US GAAP for complete financial statements. As such, they should be read together with Griffon's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2020, which provides a more complete explanation of Griffon's accounting policies, financial position, operating results, business, properties and other matters. In the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement of interim results. Griffon's CPP operations are seasonal; for this and other reasons, the financial results of the Company for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet information at September 30, 2020 was derived from the audited financial statements included in Griffon's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2020.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Griffon and all subsidiaries. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. These estimates may be adjusted due to changes in economic, industry or customer financial conditions, as well as changes in technology or demand. Significant estimates include allowances for doubtful accounts receivable and returns, net realizable value of inventories, restructuring reserves, valuation of goodwill and intangible assets, sales, profits and loss recognition for performance obligations satisfied over time, assumptions associated with pension benefit obligations and income or expenses, useful lives associated with depreciation and amortization of intangible and fixed assets, warranty reserves, sales incentive accruals, assumption associated with stock based compensation valuation, income taxes and tax valuation reserves, environmental reserves, legal reserves, insurance reserves, the valuation of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations, assumptions associated with valuation of acquired assets and assumed liabilities of acquired companies and the accompanying disclosures. These estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions Griffon may undertake in the future. Actual results may ultimately differ from these estimates.

Certain amounts in the prior year have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

NOTE 2 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The carrying values of cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts and notes payable, and revolving credit and variable interest rate debt approximate fair value due to either the short-term nature of such instruments or the fact that the interest rate of the revolving credit and variable rate debt is based upon current market rates.

Applicable accounting guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy requiring the Company to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The accounting guidance establishes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value, as follows:

- · Level 1 inputs are measured and recorded at fair value based upon quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 inputs include inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of assets or liabilities.

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

The fair values of Griffon's 2028 senior notes approximated \$1,061,250 on June 30, 2021. Fair values were based upon quoted market prices (level 1 inputs).

Insurance contracts with values of \$3,924 at June 30, 2021 are measured and recorded at fair value based upon quoted prices in active markets for similar assets (level 2 inputs) and are included in Prepaid and other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

At June 30, 2021, available-for-sale securities, measured at fair value based on quoted prices in active markets for the underlying assets (level 1 inputs), and trading securities, measured at fair value based on quoted prices in active markets for similar assets (level 2 inputs), with a fair value of \$1,316 (\$1,339 cost basis) and \$2,196 (\$1,000 cost basis), respectively, were included in Prepaid and other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Unrealized gains and losses, net of deferred taxes, on available-for-sale securities are included in our Consolidated Balance Sheets as a component of AOCI. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading securities and realized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are included in Other income in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

In the normal course of business, Griffon's operations are exposed to the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. To manage these risks, Griffon may enter into various derivative contracts such as foreign currency exchange contracts, including forwards and options. As of June 30, 2021, Griffon entered into several such contracts in order to lock into a foreign currency rate for planned settlements of trade and inter-company liabilities payable in US dollars.

At June 30, 2021, Griffon had \$36,000 of Australian dollar contracts at a weighted average rate of \$1.28 which qualified for hedge accounting (level 2 inputs). These hedges were all deemed effective as cash flow hedges with gains and losses related to changes in fair value deferred and recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI") and Prepaid and other current assets, or Accrued liabilities, until settlement. Upon settlement, gains and losses are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) in Cost of goods and services ("COGS"). AOCI included deferred losses of \$1,317 (\$922, net of tax) at June 30, 2021. Upon settlement, losses of \$413 and \$2,812 were recorded in COGS during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. All contracts expire in 1 to 119 days.

At June 30, 2021, Griffon had \$8,425 of Canadian dollar contracts at a weighted average rate of \$1.27. The contracts, which protect Canadian operations from currency fluctuations for US dollar based purchases, do not qualify for hedge accounting. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2021, fair value (losses) gains of \$(106) and \$138, respectively, were recorded to Other liabilities and to Other income for the outstanding contracts, based on similar contract values (level 2 inputs). Realized losses of \$124 and \$285 were recorded in Other income during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2021, respectively, for all settled contracts. All contracts expire in 30 to 420 days.

At June 30, 2021, Griffon had \$950 of British Pound dollar contracts at a weighted average rate of \$0.75. The contracts, which protect United Kingdom operations from currency fluctuations for US dollar based purchases, do not qualify for hedge accounting. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2021, fair value (losses) gains of \$(111) and \$30, respectively, were recorded to Other assets and to Other income for the outstanding contracts, based on similar contract values (level 2 inputs). Realized losses of \$224 and \$505 were recorded in Other income during the three and nine months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. All contracts expire in 6 to 21 days.

NOTE 3 – REVENUE

The Company recognizes revenue when performance obligations identified under the terms of contracts with its customers are satisfied. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service, or a bundle of goods or services, to the customer, and is the unit of accounting. A contract with a customer is an agreement which both parties have approved, that creates enforceable rights and obligations, has commercial substance and with respect to which payment terms

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are identified and collectability is probable. Once the Company has entered into a contract or purchase order, it is evaluated to identify performance obligations. For each performance obligation, revenue is recognized when control of the promised products is transferred to the customer, or services are satisfied under the contract or purchase order, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those products or services (the transaction price).

Approximately 86% of the Company's performance obligations are recognized at a point in time related to the manufacture and sale of a broad range of products and components primarily within the CPP and HBP Segments, and revenue is recognized when title, and risk and rewards of ownership, have transferred to the customer, which is generally upon shipment.

Approximately 14% of the Company's performance obligations are recognized over time and relate to prime or subcontractors from contract awards with the U.S. Government, as well as foreign governments and other commercial customers within our DE Segment. Revenue recognized over time are generally accounted for using an input measure to determine progress completed at the end of the period. We believe that cumulative costs incurred to date as a percentage of estimated total contract costs at completion (cost-to-cost method) is an appropriate measure of progress towards satisfaction of performance obligations recognized over time, as it most accurately depicts the progress of our work and transfer of control to our customers.

Accounting for the sales and profits on performance obligations for which progress is measured using the cost-to-cost method relies on the substantial use of estimates; these projections may be revised throughout the life of a contract. Adjustments to estimates for a contract's estimated costs at completion and estimated profit or loss are often required as experience is gained, more information is obtained (even though the scope of work required under the contract may or may not change) and contract modifications occur. The impact of such adjustments to estimates is made on a cumulative basis in the period when such information has become known. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2021, income from operations included net unfavorable catch up adjustments approximating \$1,131 and \$4,351, respectively. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2020, income from operations included net unfavorable catch up adjustments of \$2,805 and \$3,228, respectively. Gross profit is impacted by a variety of factors, including the mix of products, systems and services, production efficiencies, price competition and general economic conditions.

For contracts in which anticipated total costs exceed the total expected revenue, an estimated loss is recognized in the period when identifiable. A provision for the entire amount of the estimated loss is recorded on a cumulative basis, and is recorded as a reduction to gross margin on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss). These provisions had an immaterial impact on Griffon's Consolidated Financial Statements. The estimated remaining costs to complete loss contracts as of June 30, 2021 and September 30, 2020 were approximately \$12,500 and \$10,800, respectively.

For a complete explanation of Griffon's revenue accounting policies, this note should be read in conjunction with Griffon's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2020. See Note 13 - Business Segments for revenue from contracts with customers disaggregated by end markets, segments and geographic location.

Transaction Price Allocated to the Remaining Performance Obligations

On June 30, 2021, we had \$375,039 of remaining performance obligations, which we also refer to as total backlog. We expect to recognize approximately 66% of our remaining performance obligations as revenue within one year, with the balance to be completed thereafter.

Backlog represents the dollar value of funded orders for which work has not been performed. Backlog generally increases with bookings, and converts into revenue as we incur costs related to contractual commitments or the shipment of product. Given the nature of our business and a larger dependency on international customers, our bookings, and therefore our backlog, is impacted by the longer maturation cycles resulting in delays in the timing and amounts of such awards, which are subject to numerous factors, including fiscal constraints placed on customer budgets; political uncertainty; the timing of customer negotiations; and the timing of governmental approvals.

Contract Balances

Contract assets were \$74,341 as of June 30, 2021 compared to \$84,426 as of September 30, 2020. The \$10,085 net decrease in our contract assets balance was primarily due to the timing of billings and work performed in Communications and Surveillance

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programs and decrease associated with the sale of Systems Engineering Group, Inc. ("SEG"), partially offset by timing of work performed on Naval & Cyber Systems. Contract assets primarily relate to the Company's right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date and are recorded in Contract costs and recognized income not yet billed, net of progress payments in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. Contract costs and recognized income not yet billed consists of amounts accounted for under the percentage of completion method of accounting, and represent recoverable costs and accrued profit that cannot yet be invoiced under the terms of certain long-term contracts. Amounts will be invoiced when applicable contract terms, such as the achievement of specified milestones or product delivery, are met. At June 30, 2021 and September 30, 2020, approximately \$9,600 and \$7,500, respectively, of contract costs and recognized income not yet billed were expected to be collected after one year.

Contract liabilities were \$23,757 as of June 30, 2021 compared to \$24,386 as of September 30, 2020. The \$629 decrease in the contract liabilities balance was primarily due to recognition of revenue in Naval & Cyber systems, partially offset by billings in Surveillance and Communications programs. Contract liabilities relate to advance consideration received from customers for which revenue has not been recognized. The Company often receives cash payments from customers in advance of the Company's performance resulting in contract liabilities. These contract liabilities are classified as current on the Consolidated Balance Sheets based on the timing of when the Company expects to recognize revenue. Current contract liabilities are recorded in Accounts payable on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Contract liabilities are reduced when the associated revenue from the contract is recognized.

NOTE 4 - ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS

Acquisitions

Griffon accounts for acquisitions under the acquisition method, in which assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at fair value as of the date of acquisition using a method substantially similar to the goodwill impairment test methodology (level 3 inputs). The operating results of the acquired companies are included in Griffon's consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition; in each instance, Griffon is in the process of finalizing the initial purchase price allocation unless otherwise noted.

On December 22, 2020, AMES acquired Quatro Design Pty Ltd ("Quatro"), a leading Australian manufacturer and supplier of glass fiber reinforced concrete landscaping products for residential, commercial, and public sector projects for a purchase price of AUD \$3,500 (approximately \$2,700) in cash. The purchase price is subject to additional contingent consideration of approximately AUD \$1,000 (approximately \$760) based on Quatro exceeding certain EBITDA performance targets in the first year. The preliminary goodwill and acquired intangibles allocated to this acquisition was AUD \$1,038 (approximately \$784) and AUD \$2,755 (approximately \$2,082), respectively, which was assigned to the CPP segment, and is not deductible for income tax purposes.

On November 29, 2019, AMES acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Vatre Group Limited ("Apta"), a leading United Kingdom supplier of innovative garden pottery and associated products sold to leading UK and Ireland garden centers for approximately \$10,500 (GBP 8,750), inclusive of a post-closing working capital adjustment, net of cash acquired. This acquisition broadens AMES' product offerings in the UK market and increases its in-country operational footprint. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets was recorded as goodwill and is deductible for tax purposes. The purchase price allocation was finalized and allocated to goodwill of GBP 3,449, acquired intangible assets of GBP 3,454, inventory of GBP 2,914, accounts receivable and other assets of GBP 2,492 and accounts payable and other accrued liabilities of GBP 3,765, which was assigned to the CPP segment.

During the three and nine months ended June 30, 2021, acquisition costs were de minimis. During the nine months ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred acquisition costs of \$2,960. The Company did not incur acquisition costs in the three months ended June 30, 2020.

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Dispositions

On December 18, 2020, Defense Electronics completed the sale of its SEG business for \$15,000. SEG provides sophisticated, highly technical engineering and analytical support to the Missile Defense Agency and various U.S. military commands. SEG had sales of approximately \$7,000 for the first fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2020 and \$31,000 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. DE recorded a pre-tax gain of \$5,291 (\$5,251, net of tax, or \$0.10 per share) related to the divestiture of SEG. The sale does not represent a strategic shift that will have a major effect on operations and financial results.

NOTE 5 – INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out or average cost) or market.

The following table details the components of inventory:

	At June 30, 2021	At September 30, 2020
Raw materials and supplies	\$ 163,639	\$ 146,351
Work in process	87,109	83,697
Finished goods	259,561	183,777
Total	\$ 510,309	\$ 413,825

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The following table details the components of property, plant and equipment, net:

	At June 30, 2021	P	At September 30, 2020
Land, building and building improvements	\$ 169,588	\$	167,005
Machinery and equipment	615,780		595,126
Leasehold improvements	55,507		53,386
	 840,875		815,517
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(502,113)		(471,553)
Total	\$ 338,762	\$	343,964

Depreciation and amortization expense for property, plant and equipment was \$13,371 and \$13,142 for the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$39,709 and \$39,890 for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Depreciation included in Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses was \$5,044 and \$4,852 for the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$14,764 and \$14,713 for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Remaining components of depreciation, attributable to manufacturing operations, are included in Cost of goods and services.

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NOTE 7 – CREDIT LOSSES

Effective October 1, 2020, the Company adopted accounting guidance related to accounting for credit losses on financial instruments, including trade receivables (ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments). The guidance requires companies to consider forward-looking information to estimate expected credit losses, resulting in earlier recognition of losses for receivables that are current or not yet due, which were not considered under the previous accounting guidance.

The Company is exposed to credit losses primarily through sales of products and services. Trade receivables are recorded at their stated amount, less allowances for discounts, doubtful accounts and returns. The Company's expected loss allowance methodology for trade receivables is primarily based on the aging method of the accounts receivables balances and the financial condition of its customers. The allowances represent estimated uncollectible receivables associated with potential customer defaults on contractual obligations (usually due to customers' potential insolvency), discounts related to early payment of accounts receivables by customers and estimates for returns. The allowance for doubtful accounts includes amounts for certain customers in which a risk of default has been specifically identified, as well as an amount for customer defaults, based on a formula, when it is determined the risk of some default is probable and estimable, but cannot yet be associated with specific customers. Allowance for discounts and returns are recorded as a reduction of revenue and the provision related to the allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded in SG&A expenses.

The Company also considers current and expected future economic and market conditions, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, when determining any estimate of credit losses. Generally, estimates used to determine the allowance are based on assessment of anticipated payment and all other historical, current and future information that is reasonably available. All accounts receivable amounts are expected to be collected in less than one year.

Based on a review of the Company's policies and procedures across all segments, including the aging of its trade receivables, recent write-off history and other factors related to future macroeconomic conditions, Griffon determined that its method to determine credit losses and the amount of its allowances for bad debts is in accordance with this guidance in all material respects.

The following table provides a roll-forward of the allowance for credit losses that is deducted from the amortized cost basis of accounts receivable to present the net amount expected to be collected:

Beginning Balance, October 1, 2020	\$ 8,505
Provision for expected credit losses	1,254
Amounts written off charged against the allowance	(237)
Other, primarily foreign currency translation	 20
Ending Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 9,542

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NOTE 8 - GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLES

The following table provides changes in the carrying value of goodwill by segment during the nine months ended June 30, 2021:

	At S	eptember 30, 2020	1	Business Acquisitions (a)	В	usiness Divestitures (b)	Foreign currency translations adjustments	At June 30, 2021
Consumer and Professional Products	\$	232,845	\$	784	\$	_	\$ 3,133	\$ 236,762
Home and Building Products		191,253		_		_	_	191,253
Defense Electronics		18,545		<u> </u>		(811)		17,734
Total	\$	442,643	\$	784	\$	(811)	\$ 3,133	\$ 445,749

⁽a) The increase in the CPP segment was due to the acquisition of Quatro.

The following table provides the gross carrying value and accumulated amortization for each major class of intangible assets:

	 At June	, 2021			At September 30, 2020				
	s Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	Average Life (Years)	C	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	
Customer relationships & other	\$ 189,511	\$	74,233	23	\$	185,940	\$	66,656	
Technology and patents	19,568		8,237	13		19,464		8,360	
Total amortizable intangible assets	209,079		82,470			205,404		75,016	
Trademarks	 228,879					224,640			
Total intangible assets	\$ 437,958	\$	82,470		\$	430,044	\$	75,016	

The gross carrying amount of intangible assets was impacted by approximately \$5,832 related to foreign currency translation.

Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$2,435 and \$2,381 for the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$7,246 and \$7,177 for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. Amortization expense for the remainder of 2021 and the next five fiscal years and thereafter, based on current intangible balances and classifications, is estimated as follows: 2021 - \$2,139; 2022 - \$9,376; 2023 - \$9,224; 2024 - \$9,198; 2025 - \$9,198; 2026 - \$9,198; thereafter \$78,276.

Griffon performs its annual goodwill impairment testing in the fourth quarter of each year. The 2020 impairment testing resulted in all three reporting units having fair values substantially in excess of their carrying values. In addition to the annual impairment test, the Company is required to regularly assess whether a triggering event has occurred which would require interim impairment testing. In connection with the sale of the SEG business, the Company assessed the remaining DE reporting unit for impairment. The assessment determined that the fair value of the DE reporting unit substantially exceeded its carrying value and no impairment existed. During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, the Company determined that there were no other triggering events and, as a result, there was no impairment to either its goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible assets at June 30, 2021.

⁽b) The decrease in the DE segment was due to the divestiture of SEG.

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NOTE 9 – INCOME TAXES

During the quarter ended June 30, 2021, the Company recognized a tax provision of \$12,366 on Income before taxes of \$29,073, compared to a tax provision of \$12,649 on Income before taxes of \$34,480 in the comparable prior year quarter. The current year quarter results included restructuring charges of \$4,082 (\$3,129, net of tax) and discrete and certain other tax provisions, net, that affect comparability of \$2,979, primarily due to the impact of UK tax rate changes on deferred liabilities. The prior year quarter results included restructuring charges of \$1,633 (\$1,224, net of tax), loss from debt extinguishment of \$1,235 (\$969, net of tax) and discrete tax and certain other tax provisions, net, that affect comparability of \$1,828. Excluding these items, the effective tax rates for the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were 31.2% and 30.8%, respectively.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, the Company recognized a tax provision of \$32,783 on Income before taxes of \$96,102, compared to a tax provision of \$21,022 on Income before taxes of \$54,360 in the comparable prior year period. The nine month period ended June 30, 2021 included restructuring charges of \$22,444 (\$17,080, net of tax), gain on sale of the SEG business of \$5,291 (\$5,251, net of tax) and discrete and certain other tax provisions, net, that affect comparability of \$2,864, primarily due to the impact of UK tax rate changes on deferred liabilities. The nine month period ended June 30, 2020 included restructuring charges of \$11,171 (\$8,377, net of tax), acquisition costs of \$2,960 (\$2,321, net of tax), loss from debt extinguishment of \$7,925 (\$6,214, net of tax) and discrete tax and certain other tax provisions, net, that affect comparability of \$1,248. Excluding these items, the effective tax rates for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were 31.1% and 32.6%, respectively.

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(Unaudited)

NOTE 10 – LONG-TERM DEBT

			A	t June 30, 20)21			At Se	eptember 30	, 2020	
		Outstanding Balance	Original Issuer Premium	Capitalized Fees & Expenses	Balance Sheet	Coupon Interest Rate	Outstanding Balance	Original Issuer Premium	Capitalized Fees & Expenses	Balance Sheet	Coupon Interest Rate
Senior notes due 2028	(a)	\$1,000,000	\$ 327	(13,811)	\$ 986,516	5.75 %	\$1,000,000	\$ 363	\$ (15,376)	\$ 984,987	5.75 %
Revolver due 2025	(b)	20,775	_	(1,841)	18,934	Variable	12,858	_	(2,209)	10,649	Variable
Finance lease - real estate	(c)	15,265	_	(11)	15,254	5.60 %	17,218	_	(30)	17,188	5.60 %
Non US lines of credit	(d)	2,871	_	(21)	2,850	Variable	_	_	(30)	(30)	Variable
Non US term loans	(d)	28,204	_	(113)	28,091	Variable	31,086	_	(160)	30,926	Variable
Other long term debt	(e)	4,006	_	(15)	3,991	Variable	3,260	_	(16)	3,244	Variable
Totals		1,071,121	327	(15,812)	1,055,636		1,064,422	363	(17,821)	1,046,964	
less: Current portion		(13,024)	_	_	(13,024)		(9,922)	_	_	(9,922)	
Long-term debt		\$1,058,097	\$ 327	\$ (15,812)	\$1,042,612		\$1,054,500	\$ 363	\$ (17,821)	\$1,037,042	

		Th	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021							Three Months Ended June 30, 2020								
		Effective Interest Rate	Cash Interest		Amort. Debt Issuance Amort. Costs Total Debt Premium Fees Expense		Effective Interest Rate	Cash Interest	Amor Debt Premiu		Amort. Debt Issuance Costs & Other Fees	Total						
Senior notes due 2028	(a)	6.0 %	\$ 14,375	\$	(12)	\$	496	\$ 14,859	5.8 %	\$ 12,219	\$ -	_	\$ 27	\$ 12,496				
Senior notes due 2022	(a)	_	_		_		_	_	5.7 %	1,960	-	11	155	5 2,126				
Revolver due 2025	(b)	Variable	344		_		123	467	Variable	1,597	-	_	134	1,731				
Finance lease - real estate	(c)	5.8 %	215		_		6	221	6.3 %	33	-	_	(5 39				
Non US lines of credit	(d)	Variable	4		_		4	8	Variable	4	-	_	(1	.) 3				
Non US term loans	(d)	Variable	169		_		18	187	Variable	222	-	_	2	243				
Other long term debt	(e)	Variable	107		_		_	107	Variable	102	-	_	-	103				
Capitalized interest					_		_			(16)			_	- (16)				
Totals			\$ 15,214	\$	(12)	\$	647	\$ 15,849		\$ 16,121	\$	11	\$ 593	\$ 16,725				

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

		Ni	Nine Months Ended June 30, 2021						Nine Months Ended June 30, 2020								
		Effective Interest Rate	Cash Interest			Do Issu Cos	nort. ebt nance sts & er Fees	Total Interest Expense	Effective Interest Rate	Cash Interest		mort. Debt emium	Amort. Debt Issuance Costs & Other Fe	Interest			
Senior notes due 2028	(a)	6.0 %	\$ 43,125	\$	(35)	\$ 1	,566	\$ 44,656	5.9 %	\$ 17,785	\$		\$ 412	\$ 18,197			
Senior notes due 2022	(a)	_	_		_		_	_	5.7 %	23,125		123	1,734	1 24,982			
Revolver due 2025	(b)	Variable	760		_		368	1,128	Variable	4,798		_	532	5,329			
Finance lease - real estate	(c)	5.8 %	671		_		19	690	6.1 %	146		_	19	165			
Non US lines of credit	(d)	Variable	11		_		12	23	Variable	11		_	13	22			
Non US term loans	(d)	Variable	503		_		53	556	Variable	786		_	40	826			
Other long term debt	(e)	Variable	329		_		1	330	Variable	394		_	-	395			
Capitalized interest			(13)		_		_	(13)		(109)		_	_	(109)			
Totals			\$ 45,386	\$	(35)	\$ 2	,019	\$ 47,370		\$ 46,936	\$	123	\$ 2,748	\$ 49,807			

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(a) On June 22, 2020, in an unregistered offering through a private placement, Griffon completed the add-on offering of \$150,000 principal amount of its 5.75% Senior Notes, at 100.25% of par, to Griffon's previously issued \$850,000 principal amount of its 5.75% Senior Notes, at par, completed on February 19, 2020 (collectively, the "Senior Notes"). Proceeds from the Senior Notes were used to redeem the \$1,000,000 of 5.25% 2022 senior notes. As of June 30, 2021, outstanding Senior Notes due totaled \$1,000,000; interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

The Senior Notes are senior unsecured obligations of Griffon guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries, and subject to certain covenants, limitations and restrictions. On April 22, 2020 and August 3, 2020, Griffon exchanged substantially all of the Senior Notes for substantially identical Senior Notes registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), via an exchange offer. The fair value of the Senior Notes approximated \$1,061,250 on June 30, 2021 based upon quoted market prices (level 1 inputs).

In connection with these transactions, Griffon capitalized \$16,448 of underwriting fees and other expenses incurred related to the issuance and exchange of the 2028 Senior Notes, which is being amortized over the term of the 2028 Senior Notes. Furthermore, all of the obligations associated with the 2022 Senior Notes were discharged. Additionally, Griffon recognized a \$7,925 loss on the early extinguishment of debt of the \$1,000,000 principal amount of 2022 Senior Notes, comprised primarily of the write-off of \$6,725 of remaining deferred financing fees, \$607 of tender offer net premium expense and \$593 of redemption interest expense.

(b) On January 30, 2020, Griffon amended its revolving credit facility (as amended, the "Credit Agreement") to increase the maximum borrowing availability from \$350,000 to \$400,000, and extend its maturity date from March 22, 2021 to March 22, 2025 and modify certain other provisions of the facility. The facility includes a letter of credit sub-facility with a limit of \$100,000; a multi-currency sub-facility of \$200,000; and contains a customary accordion feature that permits us to request, subject to each lender's consent, an increase in the maximum aggregate amount that can be borrowed by up to an additional \$100,000.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be repaid and re-borrowed at any time. Interest is payable on borrowings at either a LIBOR or base rate benchmark rate, plus an applicable margin, which adjusts based on financial performance. Current margins are 0.50% for base rate loans and 1.50% for LIBOR loans. The Credit Agreement has certain financial maintenance tests including a maximum total leverage ratio, a maximum senior secured leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage ratio, as well as customary affirmative and negative covenants, and events of default. The negative covenants place limits on Griffon's ability to, among other things, incur indebtedness, incur liens, and make restricted payments and investments. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by Griffon's material domestic subsidiaries and are secured, on a first priority basis, by substantially all domestic assets of the Company and the guarantors, and a pledge of not greater than 65% of the equity interest in Griffon's material, first-tier foreign subsidiaries. At June 30, 2021, there were \$20,775 of outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement; outstanding standby letters of credit were \$17,007; and \$362,218 was available, subject to certain loan covenants, for borrowing at that date.

- (c) Two Griffon subsidiaries have finance leases outstanding for real estate located in Troy, Ohio and Ocala, Florida. The leases mature in November 2021 and 2025, respectively, and bear interest at fixed rates of approximately 5.0% and 5.6%, respectively. The Troy, Ohio lease is secured by a mortgage on the real estate, which is guaranteed by Griffon, and has a one dollar buyout at the end of the lease. The Ocala, Florida lease contains two five-year renewal options. At June 30, 2021, \$15,254 was outstanding, net of issuance costs. Refer to Note 21- Leases for further details.
- (d) In November 2012, Garant G.P. ("Garant"), a Griffon wholly owned subsidiary, entered into a CAD 15,000 (\$12,126 as of June 30, 2021) revolving credit facility. The facility accrues interest at LIBOR (USD) or the Bankers Acceptance Rate (CDN) plus 1.3% per annum (1.40% LIBOR USD and 1.48% Bankers Acceptance Rate CDN as of June 30, 2021). The revolving facility matures in October 2022. Garant is required to maintain a certain minimum equity. At June 30, 2021, there were no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility with CAD 15,000 (\$12,126 as of June 30, 2021) available.

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(Unaudited)

In July 2016, Griffon Australia Holdings Pty Ltd and its Australian subsidiaries (collectively, "Griffon Australia") entered into an AUD 29,625 term loan, AUD 20,000 revolver and AUD 10,000 receivable purchase facility agreement. The term loan requires quarterly principal payments of AUD 1,250 plus interest with a balloon payment of AUD 9,625 due upon maturity in March 2022, and accrues interest at Bank Bill Swap Bid Rate "BBSY" plus 1.95% per annum (2.01% at June 30, 2021). During fiscal 2020, the term loan balance was reduced by AUD 5,000, from AUD 23,375 to AUD 18,375 with proceeds from an AUD 5,000 increase in the commitment of the receivables purchase line from AUD 10,000 to AUD 15,000. As of June 30, 2021, the term loan had an outstanding balance of AUD 12,125 (\$9,131 as of June 30, 2021). The revolving facility and receivable purchase facility mature in March 2022, but are renewable upon mutual agreement with the lender. The revolving facility and receivable purchase facility accrue interest at BBSY plus 1.9% and 1.35%, respectively, per annum (1.98% and 1.41%, respectively, at June 30, 2021). At June 30, 2021, there were no balances outstanding under the revolver and the receivable purchase facility. The revolver, receivable purchase facility and the term loan are all secured by substantially all of the assets of Griffon Australia and its subsidiaries. Griffon Australia is required to maintain a certain minimum equity level and is subject to a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum fixed charges cover ratio.

In July 2018, The AMES Companies UK Ltd and its subsidiaries (collectively, "AMES UK") entered into a GBP 14,000 term loan, GBP 4,000 mortgage loan and GBP 5,000 revolver. The term loan and mortgage loan require quarterly principal payments of GBP 438 and GBP 105 plus interest, respectively, and have balloon payments due upon maturity, July 2023, of GBP 7,088 and GBP 2,349, respectively. The Term Loan and Mortgage Loans each accrue interest at the GBP LIBOR Rate plus 1.8% (1.86% at June 30, 2021). The revolving facility accrues interest at the Bank of England Base Rate plus 1.8% (1.90% as of June 30, 2021) and was renewed in June 2021. The revolving credit facility matures in April 2022, but it is renewable upon mutual agreement with the lender. As of June 30, 2021, the revolver had an outstanding balance of GBP \$2,073 (\$2,871 as of June 30, 2021) while the term and mortgage loan balances amounted to GBP 13,771 (\$19,073 as of June 30, 2021). The revolver and the term loan are both secured by substantially all of the assets of AMES UK and its subsidiaries. AMES UK is subject to a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum fixed charges cover ratio. An invoice discounting arrangement was canceled and replaced by the above loan facilities.

(e) Other long-term debt primarily consists of a loan with the Pennsylvania Industrial Development Authority, with the balance consisting of finance leases.

On March 13, 2019, Griffon's Employee Stock Ownership Plan entered into an agreement that refinanced a term loan with a bank with an internal loan from Griffon. The internal loan interest rate is fixed at 2.91%, matures in June 2033 and requires quarterly payments of principal, currently \$620, and interest. The internal loan is secured by shares purchased with the proceeds of the loan. The amount outstanding on the internal loan at June 30, 2021 was \$27,988.

At June 30, 2021, Griffon and its subsidiaries were in compliance with the terms and covenants of all credit and loan agreements.

NOTE 11 — SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

During 2021, the Company paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.08 per share in each quarter, totaling \$0.24 per share for the nine months ended June 30, 2021. During 2020, the Company paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.075 per share, totaling \$0.30 per share for the year. A dividend payable was established for the holders of restricted shares; such dividends will be released upon vesting of the underlying restricted shares.

On July 29, 2021, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.08 per share, payable on September 16, 2021 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on August 19, 2021.

On January 29, 2016, shareholders approved the Griffon Corporation 2016 Equity Incentive Plan ("Incentive Plan") under which awards of performance shares, performance units, stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, restricted stock units, deferred shares and other stock-based awards may be granted. On January 31, 2018, shareholders approved Amendment No. 1 to the Incentive Plan pursuant to which, among other things, 1,000,000 shares were added to the Incentive Plan; and on January 30, 2020, shareholders approved Amendment No. 2 to the Incentive Plan, pursuant to which 1,700,000

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shares were added to the Incentive Plan. Options granted under the Incentive Plan may be either "incentive stock options" or nonqualified stock options, generally expire ten years after the date of grant and are granted at an exercise price of not less than 100% of the fair market value at the date of grant. The maximum number of shares of common stock available for award under the Incentive Plan is 5,050,000 (600,000 of which may be issued as incentive stock options), plus (i) any shares reserved for issuance under the 2011 Equity Incentive Plan as of the effective date of the Incentive Plan, and (ii) any shares underlying awards outstanding on such effective date under the 2011 Incentive Plan that are canceled or forfeited. As of June 30, 2021, there were 443,820 shares available for grant.

Compensation expense for restricted stock and restricted stock units is recognized ratably over the required service period based on the fair value of the grant, calculated as the number of shares granted multiplied by the stock price on the date of grant and, for performance shares, the likelihood of achieving the performance criteria. Compensation expense for restricted stock granted to two senior executives is calculated as the maximum number of shares granted, upon achieving certain performance criteria, multiplied by the stock price as valued by a Monte Carlo Simulation Model. Compensation cost related to stock-based awards with graded vesting, generally over a period of three to four years, is recognized using the straight-line attribution method and recorded within SG&A expenses.

During the first quarter of 2021, Griffon granted 511,624 shares of restricted stock and restricted stock units. This included 226,811 restricted stock and restricted stock units, subject to certain performance conditions, with vesting periods of three years, with a total fair value of \$5,500, or a weighted average fair value of \$24.25 per share. Furthermore, this included 284,813 restricted stock awards granted to five executives, with vesting periods of three years and a total fair value of \$5,913 or a weighted average fair value of \$20.76 per share.

During the second quarter of 2021, Griffon granted 731,282 shares of restricted stock to six executives. This included 203,282 shares of restricted stock to four executives, subject to certain performance conditions, with vesting periods ranging from 34 months to 60 months, with a total fair value of \$4,923, or a weighted average fair value of \$24.22 per share. This also included 528,000 shares of restricted stock granted to two senior executives with a vesting period of four years and a two-year post-vesting holding period, subject to the achievement of certain absolute and relative performance conditions relating to the price of Griffon's common stock. So long as the minimum performance condition is attained, the amount of shares that can vest will range from 384,000 to 528,000. The total fair value of these restricted shares using the Monte Carlo Simulation model is approximately \$7,824, or a weighted average fair value of \$14.82 per share. Additionally, Griffon granted 44,424 restricted shares to the non-employee directors of Griffon with a vesting period of three years and a fair value of \$1,080, or a weighted average fair value of \$24.31 per share.

During the third quarter of 2021, no grants were issued.

The following table summarizes the Company's compensation expense relating to all stock-based incentive plans:

	For the Three Months End	led June 30,	For the Nine Months Ended June 30,					
	 2021	2020		2021	2020			
Restricted stock	\$ 4,544 \$	3,930	\$	12,321 \$	10,742			
ESOP	1,047	577		2,771	2,067			
Total stock based compensation	\$ 5,591 \$	4,507	\$	15,092 \$	12,809			

On each of August 3, 2016 and August 1, 2018, Griffon's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50,000 of Griffon's outstanding common stock. Under this share repurchase program, the Company may purchase shares in the open market, including pursuant to a 10b5-1 plan, or in privately negotiated transactions. During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, Griffon did not purchase any shares of common stock under these repurchase programs. As of June 30, 2021, an aggregate of \$57,955 remains under Griffon's Board authorized repurchase programs.

During the third quarter ended June 30, 2021, no shares were withheld to settle employee taxes due upon the vesting of restricted stock. During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, 133,027 shares, with a market value of \$2,774, or \$20.85 per

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share, respectively, were withheld to settle employee taxes due upon the vesting of restricted stock, and were added to treasury stock. Furthermore, during the nine months ended June 30, 2021, an additional 6,507 shares, with a market value of \$135, or \$20.75 per share, were withheld from common stock issued upon the vesting of restricted stock units to settle employee taxes due upon vesting.

NOTE 12 - EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic EPS was calculated by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS was calculated by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding plus additional common shares that could be issued in connection with stock based compensation.

The following table is a reconciliation of the share amounts (in thousands) used in computing earnings per share:

	Three Months E	Ended June 30,	Nine Months E	Ended June 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Common shares outstanding	56,677	47,425	56,677	47,425	
Unallocated ESOP shares	(1,912)	(2,108)	(1,912)	(2,108)	
Non-vested restricted stock	(3,814)	(3,555)	(3,814)	(3,555)	
Impact of weighted average shares	(48)	(50)	(172)	(279)	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	50,903	41,712	50,779	41,483	
Incremental shares from stock based compensation	2,601	2,062	2,527	2,335	
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	53,504	43,774	53,306	43,818	

NOTE 13 – BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Griffon reports its operations through three reportable segments, as follows:

- CPP conducts its operations through AMES. Founded in 1774, AMES is the leading North American manufacturer and a global provider of branded consumer and professional tools and products for home storage and organization, landscaping, and enhancing outdoor lifestyles. CPP sells products globally through a portfolio of leading brands including True Temper, AMES, and ClosetMaid.
- HBP conducts its operations through Clopay. Founded in 1964, Clopay is the largest manufacturer and marketer of garage doors and rolling steel doors in North America. Residential and commercial sectional garage doors are sold through professional dealers and leading home center retail chains throughout North America under the brands Clopay, Ideal, and Holmes. Rolling steel door and grille products designed for commercial, industrial, institutional, and retail use are sold under the CornellCookson brand.
- DE conducts its operations through Telephonics, founded in 1933, a globally recognized leading provider of highly sophisticated intelligence, surveillance and communications solutions for defense, aerospace and commercial customers.

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(Unaudited)

Information on Griffon's reportable segments is as follows:

	For the Three Mon	ths En	nded June 30,	For the Nine Months Ended June 30,						
REVENUE	2021		2020		2021		2020			
Consumer and Professional Products	\$ 324,826	\$	328,929	\$	947,739	\$	844,917			
Home and Building Products	259,392		219,164		752,684		670,374			
Defense Electronics	62,574		83,968		190,492		231,558			
Total consolidated net sales	\$ 646,792	\$	632,061	\$	1,890,915	\$	1,746,849			

Disaggregation of Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated by end markets, segments and geographic location, as it more accurately depicts the nature and amount of the Company's revenue. The following table presents revenue disaggregated by end market and segment:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Nine Mon	ths Ended June 30,		
		2021	2020	2021		2020
Residential repair and remodel	\$	50,165	\$ 50,709 \$	146,325	\$	126,304
Retail		154,212	177,271	447,206		441,795
Residential new construction		12,147	14,487	40,202		44,344
Industrial		12,708	9,303	32,197		30,461
International excluding North America		95,594	77,159	281,809		202,013
Total Consumer and Professional Products		324,826	 328,929	947,739		844,917
Residential repair and remodel		127,827	109,876	374,769		332,681
Commercial construction		102,754	84,521	293,444		262,708
Residential new construction		28,811	24,767	84,471		74,985
Total Home and Building Products		259,392	219,164	752,684		670,374
U.S. Government		45,275	54,802	127,644		151,126
International		15,141	24,779	53,533		68,333
Commercial		2,158	4,387	9,315		12,099
Total Defense Electronics		62,574	83,968	190,492		231,558
Total Consolidated Revenue	\$	646,792	\$ 632,061 \$	1,890,915	\$	1,746,849

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(Unaudited)

The following table presents revenue disaggregated by geography based on the location of the Company's customer:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,

	_		2021			2020									
		СРР	НВР	DE	Total		СРР	НВР	DE	Total					
United States	\$	206,809 \$	246,268 \$	37,192 \$	490,269	\$	232,544 \$	209,222 \$	56,294 \$	498,060					
Europe		43,767	31	6,908	50,706		29,267	81	8,636	37,984					
Canada		20,547	10,724	1,719	32,990		18,231	7,729	3,012	28,972					
Australia		51,437	_	207	51,644		47,614	_	1,012	48,626					
All other countries		2,266	2,369	16,548	21,183		1,273	2,132	15,014	18,419					
Consolidated revenue	\$	324,826 \$	259,392 \$	62,574 \$	646,792	\$	328,929 \$	219,164 \$	83,968 \$	632,061					

For the Nine Months Ended June 30.

	For the Month's Linded June 50,													
			2021			2020								
		CPP	HBP	DE	Total		CPP	HBP	DE	Total				
United States	\$	595,619 \$	713,754 \$	118,736 \$	1,428,109	\$	584,114 \$	635,232 \$	157,508 \$	1,376,854				
Europe		95,888	72	19,604	115,564		60,609	109	24,501	85,219				
Canada		64,440	32,009	5,473	101,922		53,527	26,849	9,795	90,171				
Australia		184,668	_	648	185,316		140,874	_	1,807	142,681				
All other countries		7,124	6,849	46,031	60,004		5,793	8,184	37,947	51,924				
Consolidated revenue	\$	947,739 \$	752,684 \$	190,492 \$	1,890,915	\$	844,917 \$	670,374 \$	231,558 \$	1,746,849				

Griffon evaluates performance and allocates resources based on each segment's operating results before interest income and expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, unallocated amounts (mainly corporate overhead), restructuring charges, loss from debt extinguishment and acquisition related expenses, as well as other items that may affect comparability, as applicable ("Segment adjusted EBITDA"). Griffon believes this information is useful to investors for the same reason. The following table provides a reconciliation of Segment adjusted EBITDA to Income before taxes:

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(Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended June 30, For the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2021 2020 2021 2020 Segment adjusted EBITDA: Consumer and Professional Products \$ 29,388 37,115 \$ 99,524 84,068 Home and Building Products 42,156 39,299 130,585 110,635 Defense Electronics 4,140 4,122 11,945 12,845 Segment adjusted EBITDA 75,684 80,536 242,054 207,548 Unallocated amounts, excluding (10,924)(11,080)(34,873)(34,969)depreciation ? Adjusted EBITDA 64,760 69,456 207,181 172,579 Net interest expense (15,799)(16,585)(46,971)(49,096)Depreciation and amortization (15,806)(15,523)(46,955)(47,067) Loss from debt extinguishment (1,235)(7,925)Restructuring charges (4,082)(22,444)(11,171)(1,633)Acquisition costs (2,960)5,291 Gain on sale of SEG business 29,073 34,480 96,102 54,360 Income before taxes

^{*} Unallocated amounts typically include general corporate expenses not attributable to a reportable segment.

	For	the Three Mon	ths E	Ended June 30,	For the Nine Months Ended June 3			
DEPRECIATION and AMORTIZATION		2021		2020		2021		2020
Segment:								
Consumer and Professional Products	\$	8,781	\$	8,197	\$	25,600	\$	24,650
Home and Building Products		4,375		4,507		13,095		13,975
Defense Electronics		2,501		2,666		7,911		7,986
Total segment depreciation and amortization		15,657		15,370		46,606		46,611
Corporate		149		153		349		456
Total consolidated depreciation and amortization	\$	15,806	\$	15,523	\$	46,955	\$	47,067
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES								
Segment:								
Consumer and Professional Products	\$	5,365	\$	7,029	\$	19,085	\$	14,561
Home and Building Products		1,723		3,640		5,836		15,135
Defense Electronics		2,789		1,538		8,940		4,748
Total segment		9,877		12,207		33,861		34,444
Corporate		26		25		28		307
Total consolidated capital expenditures	\$	9,903	\$	12,232	\$	33,889	\$	34,751

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(Unaudited)

<u>ASSETS</u>	F	At June 30, 2021	Α	t September 30, 2020
Segment assets:				
Consumer and Professional Products	\$	1,375,959	\$	1,255,127
Home and Building Products		627,704		606,785
Defense Electronics		280,195		329,128
Total segment assets		2,283,858		2,191,040
Corporate		260,503		248,902
Total continuing assets		2,544,361		2,439,942
Assets of discontinued operations		4,302		8,497
Consolidated total	\$	2,548,663	\$	2,448,439

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Defined benefit pension expense (income) included in Other Income (Expense), net was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Nine Months Ended June 30,				
	2021			2020		2021		2020		
Interest cost	\$	745	\$	1,148	\$	2,234	\$	3,450		
Expected return on plan assets		(2,544)		(2,585)		(7,633)		(7,757)		
Amortization:										
Prior service cost		_		3		_		11		
Recognized actuarial loss		1,573		1,042		4,719		3,126		
Net periodic expense (income)	\$	(226)	\$	(392)	\$	(680)	\$	(1,170)		

NOTE 15 – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Issued but not yet effective accounting pronouncements

In August 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance to clarify disclosure requirements related to defined benefit pension and other post-retirement plans. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, with early adoption permitted, and is effective for the Company in our fiscal year beginning in October 1, 2021. We are currently evaluating the effects that the adoption of this guidance will have on our related pension disclosures.

In December 2019, the FASB issued guidance on simplifying the accounting for income taxes by clarifying and amending existing guidance related to the recognition of franchise tax, the evaluation of a step up in the tax basis of goodwill, and the effects of enacted changes in tax laws or rates in the effective tax rate computation, among other clarifications. Our effective date for adoption of this Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") is our fiscal year beginning October 1, 2021 with early adoption permitted. We are currently evaluating the effects that the adoption of this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements and the related disclosures.

New Accounting Standards Implemented

In April 2019, the FASB issued guidance relating to accounting for credit losses on financial instruments, including trade receivables, and derivatives and hedging. This guidance is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2021. Adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements and the related disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance which modifies the disclosures on fair value measurements by removing the requirement to disclose the amount and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and the policy for timing of such transfers. This guidance expands the disclosure requirements for Level 3 fair value measurements,

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primarily focused on changes in unrealized gains and losses included in other comprehensive income (loss). This guidance is effective for the Company beginning in fiscal 2021. Adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements and the related disclosures.

In March 2020, the SEC adopted amendments to the financial disclosure requirements for guarantors and issuers of guaranteed securities registered or being registered in Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X, and affiliates whose securities collateralize securities registered or being registered in Rule 3-16 of Regulation S-X (SEC Release No. 33-10762). The amendment replaces the requirement to present condensed consolidating financial statements, comprised of balance sheets and statements of operations, comprehensive income and cash flows for all periods presented, with summarized financial information of the guarantor only for the most recently completed fiscal year and any subsequent interim period. We adopted the amendments to the disclosure requirements during the first quarter of fiscal 2021. This amendment did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements as this amendment simplifies the financial disclosures required in our guarantor and non-guarantor financial information. See Part I, Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Supplemental Guarantor Financial Information.

The Company has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect and that may impact its financial statements, and does not believe that there are any other new accounting pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 16 – DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The following amounts summarize the total assets and liabilities related to the Installation Services and other discontinued activities which have been segregated from Griffon's continuing operations, and are reported as assets and liabilities of discontinued operations in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets:

	At June 30, 2021	I	At September 30, 2020
Assets of discontinued operations:			
Prepaid and other current assets	\$ 695	\$	2,091
Other long-term assets	3,607		6,406
Total assets of discontinued operations	\$ 4,302	\$	8,497
Liabilities of discontinued operations:			
Accrued liabilities, current	\$ 3,641	\$	3,797
Other long-term liabilities	4,712		7,014
Total liabilities of discontinued operations	\$ 8,353	\$	10,811

At June 30, 2021, Griffon's assets and liabilities consist primarily of insurance claims, income tax, product liability, and warranty and environmental reserves.

NOTE 17 – RESTRUCTURING CHARGES

In November 2019, Griffon announced the development of a next-generation business platform for CPP to enhance the growth, efficiency, and competitiveness of its U.S. operations, and on November 12, 2020, Griffon announced that CPP is broadening this strategic initiative to include additional North American facilities, the AMES UK and Australia businesses, and a manufacturing facility in China.

The expanded focus of this initiative leverages the same three key development areas being executed within our U.S. operations. First, certain AMES global operations will be consolidated to optimize facilities footprint and talent. Second, strategic investments in automation and facilities expansion will be made to increase the efficiency of our manufacturing and fulfillment operations, and support e-commerce growth. Third, multiple independent information systems will be unified into a single data and analytics platform, which will serve the whole AMES global enterprise.

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(Unaudited)

Expanding the roll-out of the new business platform from our AMES U.S. operations to include AMES' global operations will extend the duration of the project by one year, with completion now expected by the end of calendar year 2023. When fully implemented, these actions will result in annual cash savings of \$30,000 to \$35,000 and a reduction in inventory of \$30,000 to \$35,000, both based on fiscal 2020 operating levels.

The cost to implement this new business platform, over the duration of the project, will include one-time charges of approximately \$65,000 and capital investments of approximately \$65,000. The one-time charges are comprised of \$46,000 of cash charges, which includes \$26,000 of personnel-related costs such as training, severance, and duplicate personnel costs as well as \$20,000 of facility and lease exit costs. The remaining \$19,000 of charges are non-cash and are primarily related to asset write-downs.

In the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2021, CPP incurred pre-tax restructuring and related exit costs approximating \$4,082 and \$14,663, respectively. During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, cash charges totaled \$10,781 and non-cash, asset-related charges totaled \$3,882; the cash charges included \$1,784 for one-time termination benefits and other personnel-related costs and \$8,997 for facility and lease exit costs primarily driven by the consolidation of distribution facilities. Non-cash charges of \$3,882 predominantly related to inventory that have no recoverable value. During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, headcount was reduced by 65.

In the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2020, CPP incurred pre-tax restructuring and related exit costs approximating \$1,633 and \$11,171, respectively. During the nine months ended June 30, 2020, cash charges totaled \$6,479 and non-cash, asset-related charges totaled \$4,692; the cash charges included \$4,842 for one-time termination benefits and other personnel-related costs and \$1,637 for facility exit costs. Non-cash charges included a \$1,968 impairment charge related to a facility's operating lease as well as \$671 of leasehold improvements made to the leased facility and \$304 of inventory that have no recoverable value, and a \$1,749 impairment charge related to machinery and equipment that have no recoverable value at one of the Company's owned manufacturing locations.

In September 2020, the DE Voluntary Employee Retirement Plan was initiated, which was subsequently followed by a reduction in force in November 2020, to improve efficiencies by combining functions and responsibilities. The combined actions resulted in severance charges of approximately \$4,300, with \$2,120 recognized in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2020, and the remaining \$2,180 was recognized during the nine months ended June 30, 2021. These actions reduced headcount by approximately 90 people.

In addition, charges of \$5,601 were recorded during the quarter ended December 31, 2020, primarily related to exiting our older weather radar product lines.

A summary of the restructuring and other related charges included in Cost of goods and services and SG&A expenses in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations were as follows:

	Fo	For the Three Months Ended June 30,]	For the Nine Months Ended June 30,				
	2021			2020		2021	2020			
Cost of goods and services	\$	696	\$	20	\$	10,458	\$	4,096		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		3,386		1,613		11,986		7,075		
Total restructuring charges	\$	4,082	\$	1,633	\$	22,444	\$	11,171		

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(Unaudited)

	Fo	r the Three Months I	Ended June 30,	For the Nine Months Ended June 30,					
		2021	2020	2021		2020			
Personnel related costs	\$	700 \$	1,050	\$ 3,964	\$	4,842			
Facilities, exit costs and other		2,190	583	8,997		1,637			
Non-cash facility and other		1,192	_	9,483		4,692			
Total	\$	4,082 \$	1,633	\$ 22,444	\$	11,171			

The following table summarizes the accrued liabilities of the Company's restructuring actions:

	Cash C			ges	Non-Cash			
	Personnel related costs			Facilities & Exit Costs	Facility and Other Costs	Total		
Accrued liability at September 30, 2020	\$	2,701	\$	264	\$ _	\$	2,965	
Q1 Restructuring charges		2,482		2,524	5,794		10,800	
Q1 Cash payments		(1,598)		(2,534)	_		(4,132)	
Q1 Non-cash charges		_			(5,794)		(5,794)	
Accrued liability at December 31, 2020	\$	3,585	\$	254	\$ _	\$	3,839	
Q2 Restructuring charges		782		4,283	2,497		7,562	
Q2 Cash payments		(3,840)		(4,273)	_		(8,113)	
Q2 Non-cash charges		_		_	(2,497)		(2,497)	
Accrued liability at March 31, 2021	\$	527	\$	264	\$ _	\$	791	
Q3 Restructuring charges		700		2,190	1,192		4,082	
Q3 Cash payments		(799)		(2,190)	_		(2,989)	
Q3 Non-cash charges		_		_	(1,192)		(1,192)	
Accrued liability at June 30, 2021	\$	428	\$	264	\$ 	\$	692	

NOTE 18 – OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

For the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, Other income (expense) of \$386 and \$806, respectively, includes \$77 and \$72, respectively, of net currency exchange gains in connection with the translation of receivables and payables denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of Griffon and its subsidiaries, net periodic benefit plan income of \$226 and \$392, respectively, as well as \$249 and \$499, respectively, of net investment income (loss).

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, Other income (expense) of \$1,192 and 2,199 includes \$(302) and \$441, respectively, of net currency exchange gains (losses) in connection with the translation of receivables and payables denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of Griffon and its subsidiaries, net periodic benefit plan income of \$680 and \$1,170, respectively, as well as \$877 and \$216, respectively, of net investment income (loss). Additionally, in the prior year period, Other income (expense) also included a one-time technology recognition award for \$700.

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 19 – WARRANTY LIABILITY

DE offers warranties against product defects for periods generally ranging from one to two years, depending on the specific product and terms of the customer purchase agreement. CPP and HBP also offer warranties against product defects for periods generally ranging from one to ten years, with limited lifetime warranties on certain door models. Typical warranties require CPP, HBP and DE to repair or replace the defective products during the warranty period at no cost to the customer. At the time revenue is recognized, Griffon records a liability for warranty costs, estimated based on historical experience, and periodically assesses its warranty obligations and adjusts the liability as necessary. CPP offers an express limited warranty for a period of ninety days on all products from the date of original purchase unless otherwise stated on the product or packaging from the date of original purchase.

Changes in Griffon's warranty liability, included in Accrued liabilities, were as follows:

	Three Months	June 30,	Nine Months Ended June 30,					
	 2021		2020	 2021		2020		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 12,678	\$	7,789	\$ 10,843	\$	7,894		
Warranties issued and changes in estimated pre-existing warranties	4,806		5,773	16,022		14,000		
Actual warranty costs incurred	(4,304)		(3,661)	(13,685)		(11,993)		
Balance, end of period	\$ 13,180	\$	9,901	\$ 13,180	\$	9,901		

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 20 - OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The amounts recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) were as follows:

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2021 2020 Pre-tax Tax Net of tax Pre-tax Tax Net of tax Foreign currency translation \$ 1,160 \$ 1,160 9,508 \$ \$ 9,508 adjustments Pension and other defined benefit 1,576 (331)1,245 1,443 (304)1,139 plans Cash flow hedges 501 (150)351 834 (2,779)(1,945)Available-for-sale securities (23)6 (17)Total other comprehensive income 8,702 \$ 3,214 \$ (475) \$ 2,739 8,172 \$ 530 \$ (loss) \$

	For the Nine Months Ended June 30,										
	 2021					2020					
	Pre-tax		Tax		Net of tax		Pre-tax		Tax		Net of tax
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ 15,022	\$		\$	15,022	\$	(493)	\$	_	\$	(493)
Pension and other defined benefit plans	5,311		(1,115)		4,196		3,137		(657)		2,480
Cash flow hedges	2,077		(623)		1,454		(1,826)		548		(1,278)
Available-for-sale securities	(23)	\$	6		(17)		_		_		_
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 22,387	\$	(1,732)	\$	20,655	\$	818	\$	(109)	\$	709

The components of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) are as follows:

	A	t June 30, 2021	At September 30, 2020
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$	(10,661)	\$ (25,683)
Pension and other defined benefit plans		(42,402)	(46,598)
Change in Cash flow hedges		1,643	189
Available-for-sale securities		(17)	_
	\$	(51,437)	\$ (72,092)

Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to income were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the Nine Months Ended June 30				
Gain (Loss)		2021		2020		2021		2020		
Pension amortization	\$	(1,573)	\$	(1,045)	\$	(4,719)	\$	(3,137)		
Cash flow hedges		(413)		556		(2,812)		1,550		
Total gain (loss)	\$	(1,986)	\$	(489)		(7,531)		(1,587)		
Tax benefit (expense)		417		102		1,582		333		
Total	\$	(1,569)	\$	(387)	\$	(5,949)	\$	(1,254)		

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 21 — LEASES

The Company recognizes right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet, with the exception of leases with a term of twelve months or less. The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. The ROU assets and short and long-term liabilities associated with our Operating leases are shown as separate line items on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Finance leases are included in property, plant, and equipment, net, other accrued liabilities, and other non-current liabilities. The Company's finance leases are immaterial. ROU assets, along with any other related long-lived assets, are periodically evaluated for impairment.

ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. We use the implicit rate when readily determinable. Our determination of the lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option.

For operating leases, fixed lease payments are recognized as operating lease cost on a straight-line basis over the lease term. For finance leases and impaired operating leases, the ROU asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term, along with recognition of interest expense associated with accretion of the lease liability. For leases with a lease term of 12 months or less (a "Short-term" lease), any fixed lease payments are recognized on a straight-line basis over such term, and are not recognized on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Variable lease cost for both operating and finance leases, if any, is recognized as incurred. The Company has lease agreements that contain both lease and non-lease components. For real estate leases, we account for lease components together with non-lease components (e.g., common-area maintenance). Components of operating lease costs are as follows:

	Fo	r the Three Months En	ded June 30,	For the Nine Months Ended June 30,				
		2021	2020	2021	2020			
Fixed	\$	9,940 \$	9,909 \$	29,950 \$	28,648			
Variable (a), (b)		3,012	2,032	6,146	5,608			
Short-term (b)		933	1,280	3,100	4,103			
Total	\$	13,885 \$	13,221 \$	39,196 \$	38,359			

- (a) Primarily relates to common-area maintenance and property taxes.
- (b) Not recorded on the balance sheet.

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Supplemental cash flow information were as follows:

	For the Nine Months Ended June 30,				
	 2021	2020			
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:					
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 33,492 \$	32,882			
Financing cash flows from finance leases	2,824	3,202			
Total	\$ 36,316 \$	36,084			

Supplemental Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet information related to leases were as follows:

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Operating Leases:			-
Right of use assets:			
Operating right-of-use assets	\$	150,924 \$	161,627
Lease Liabilities:			
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$	30,896 \$	31,848
Long-term operating lease liabilities		124,588	136,054
Total operating lease liabilities	\$	155,484 \$	167,902
Finance Leases:			
Property, plant and equipment, net ⁽¹⁾	\$	17,326 \$	18,774
Lease Liabilities:			
Notes payable and current portion of long-term debt	\$	2,782 \$	3,352
Long-term debt, net		14,564	15,339
Total financing lease liabilities	\$	17,346 \$	18,691

⁽¹⁾ Finance lease assets are recorded net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,258 and \$2,383 as of June 30, 2021 and September 30, 2020, respectively.

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Two Griffon subsidiaries have finance leases outstanding for real estate located in Troy, Ohio and Ocala, Florida. The leases mature in November 2021 and 2025, respectively, and bear interest at fixed rates of approximately 5.0% and 5.6%, respectively. The Troy, Ohio lease is secured by a mortgage on the real estate, which is guaranteed by Griffon, and has a one dollar buyout at the end of the lease. The Ocala, Florida lease contains two five-year renewal options. As of June 30, 2021 and September 30, 2020, \$15,254 and \$17,188, respectively, was outstanding, net of issuance costs. The remaining lease liability balance relates to finance equipment leases.

The aggregate future maturities of lease payments for operating leases and finance leases as of June 30, 2021 are as follows (in thousands):

	Operating Leases	Finance Leases
2021 ^(a)	\$ 9,771 \$	1,227
2022	35,363	3,166
2023	27,677	2,832
2024	20,719	2,244
2025	18,673	2,077
2026	12,689	2,075
Thereafter	64,282	7,777
Total lease payments	189,174	21,398
Less: Imputed Interest	(33,690)	(4,052)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 155,484 \$	17,346

(a) Excluding the nine months ended June 30, 2021.

Average lease terms and discount rates at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)	
Operating leases	8.0
Finance Leases	8.1
Weighted-average discount rate	
Operating Leases	4.46 %
Finance Leases	5.48 %

NOTE 22 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal and environmental

Peekskill Site. Lightron Corporation ("Lightron"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Griffon, once conducted operations at a location in the Town of Cortlandt, New York, just outside the city of Peekskill, New York (the "Peekskill Site") which was owned by ISC Properties, Inc. ("ISCP"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Griffon, for approximately three years. ISCP sold the Peekskill Site in November 1982.

Subsequently, ISCP was advised by the Department of Environmental Conservation of New York State (the "DEC") that sampling at the Peekskill Site and in a creek near the Peekskill Site indicated concentrations of solvents and other chemicals common to prior plating operations by a Lightron subsidiary. In 1996, ISCP entered into a consent order with the DEC (the "Consent Order"), pursuant to which ISCP was required to perform a remedial investigation and prepare a feasibility study (the

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(Unaudited)

"Feasibility Study"). After completing the initial remedial investigation, ISCP conducted supplemental remedial investigations over the next several years, including soil vapor investigations, as required by the Consent Order.

In April 2009, the DEC advised ISCP that both the DEC and the New York State Department of Health had reviewed and accepted an August 2007 Remedial Investigation Report and an Additional Data Collection Summary Report dated January 30, 2009. ISCP submitted to the DEC a draft Feasibility Study which was accepted and approved by the DEC in February 2011. ISCP satisfied its obligations under the Consent Order when DEC approved the Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study for the Peekskill Site. In June 2011 the DEC issued a Record of Decision that set forth a Remedial Action Plan for the Peekskill Site that identified the specific remedies selected and responded to public comments. The cost of the remedy proposed by DEC in its Remedial Action Plan was approximately \$10,000.

Following issuance of the Remedial Action Plan, the DEC implemented a portion of its plan, and performed additional investigation for the presence of metals in soils and sediments downstream from the Peekskill Site. During this investigation metals were found to be present in sediments further downstream from the Peekskill site than previously detected.

On May 15, 2019 the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") added the Peekskill Site to the National Priorities List under CERCLA and has since announced that it is performing a Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study ("RI/FS"). On August 25, 2020, the EPA sent a letter to several parties, including Lightron and ISCP, requesting that each such party inform the EPA as to whether it would be willing to enter into discussions regarding implementation of the RI/FS. The EPA also sent a request for information under Section 104(e) of CERCLA to each party. Lightron and ISCP have informed the EPA that they are willing to participate in discussions regarding implementation of the RI/FS. Lightron and ISCP have also submitted responses to certain items contained in the Section 104(e) information request, with additional responses to follow. The current owner of the property, which acquired the Peekskill Site from ISCP in 1982 and has no relationship with Lightron or ISCP, has also informed the EPA that it is willing to discuss implementation of the RI/FS, and has also received, and submitted certain information in response to, a Section 104(e) information request. The EPA may decide to implement the RI/FS, on its own or through the use of consultants, may reach agreement with one or more parties to perform the RI/FS, or may offer to negotiate with one or more parties to accept a settlement addressing the potential liability of such parties for investigation and/or remediation at the Peekskill Site. Should the EPA implement the RI/FS, or perform further studies and/or subsequently remediate the site, without first reaching agreement with one or more relevant parties, the EPA would likely seek reimbursement for the costs incurred from such parties.

Lightron has not engaged in any operations in over three decades. ISCP functioned solely as a real estate holding company, and has not held any real property in over three decades. Griffon does not acknowledge any responsibility to perform any investigation or remediation at the Peekskill Site.

Union Fork and Hoe, Frankfort, NY site. The former Union Fork and Hoe property in Frankfort, New York was acquired by AMES in 2006 as part of a larger acquisition, and has historic site contamination involving chlorinated solvents, petroleum hydrocarbons and metals. AMES entered into an Order on Consent with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ("DEC"). While the Order is without admission or finding of liability or acknowledgment that there has been a release of hazardous substances at the site, the Order required AMES to perform a remedial investigation of certain portions of the property and to recommend a remediation option. In 2011, remediation of chlorinated solvents in the groundwater was completed to the satisfaction of DEC. In 2018, AMES submitted a Feasibility Study recommending that the remaining soil contamination involving metals and petroleum be covered, excavated and removed to a licensed off-site location or placed under a cover on-site. DEC approved the selection of this remedy in 2019 by issuing a Record of Decision ("ROD"). In June 2020, AMES completed the remediation required by the ROD and filed a Construction Completion Report, a Site Management Plan and an environmental easement with DEC. While AMES was implementing the remediation required by the ROD, DEC requested additional investigation of a small area on the site and of an area adjacent to the site perimeter. AMES investigated the on-site area and has completed remediation of that small area under a workplan approved by DEC. At the request of DEC, AMES has also submitted (and DEC has approved) a workplan to investigate the areas adjacent to the site perimeter. The workplan is expected to be completed by October 1, 2021. AMES has a number of defenses to liability in this matter, including its rights under a previous Consent Judgment entered into between DEC and a predecessor of AMES relating to the site. AMES' insurer has accepted AMES' claim for a substantial portion of the costs incurred and to be incurred for

GRIFFON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(US dollars and non US currencies in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

U.S. Government investigations and claims

Defense contracts and subcontracts, including Griffon's contracts and subcontracts, are subject to audit and review by various agencies and instrumentalities of the United States government, including among others, the Defense Contract Audit Agency, the Defense Criminal Investigative Service, and the Department of Justice which has responsibility for asserting claims on behalf of the U.S. Government.

In general, departments and agencies of the U.S. Government have the authority to investigate various transactions and operations of Griffon, and the results of such investigations may lead to administrative, civil or criminal proceedings, the ultimate outcome of which could be fines, penalties, repayments or compensatory or treble damages. U.S. Government regulations provide that certain findings against a contractor may lead to suspension or debarment from future U.S. Government contracts or the loss of export privileges for a company or an operating division or subdivision. Suspension or debarment could have a material adverse effect on Telephonics because of its reliance on government contracts.

General legal

Griffon is subject to various laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment and is a party to legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Management believes, based on facts presently known to it, that the resolution of the matters above and such other matters will not have a material adverse effect on Griffon's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

(Unless otherwise indicated, US dollars and non US currencies are in thousands, except per share data)

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

BUSINESS

Overview

Griffon Corporation (the "Company", "Griffon", "we" or "us") is a diversified management and holding company that conducts business through whollyowned subsidiaries. The Company was founded in 1959, is a Delaware corporation headquartered in New York, N.Y. and is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE:GFF).

Business Strategy

We own and operate, and seek to acquire, businesses in multiple industries and geographic markets. Our objective is to maintain leading positions in the markets we serve by providing innovative, branded products with superior quality and industry-leading service. We place emphasis on our iconic and well-respected brands, which helps to differentiate us and our offerings from our competitors and strengthens our relationship with our customers and those who ultimately use our products.

Through operating a diverse portfolio of businesses, we expect to reduce variability caused by external factors such as market cyclicality, seasonality, and weather. We achieve diversity by providing various product offerings and brands through multiple sales and distribution channels and conducting business across multiple countries which we consider our home markets.

Griffon oversees the operations of its subsidiaries, allocates resources among them and manages their capital structures. Griffon provides direction and assistance to its subsidiaries in connection with acquisition and growth opportunities as well as in connection with divestitures. As long-term investors, having substantial experience in a variety of industries, our intent is to continue the growth and strengthening of our existing businesses, and to diversify further through investments in our businesses and through acquisitions.

Over the past three years, we have undertaken a series of transformative transactions. We divested our specialty plastics business in 2018 to focus on our core markets and improve our free cash flow conversion. Also in 2018, we expanded the scope of The AMES Companies, Inc. ("AMES") and Clopay Corporation ("Clopay") through the acquisitions of ClosetMaid, LLC ("ClosetMaid") and CornellCookson, Inc. ("CornellCookson"), respectively. CornellCookson has been integrated into Clopay, so that our leading company in residential garage doors and sectional commercial doors now includes a leading manufacturer of rolling steel doors and grille products. ClosetMaid was combined with AMES, and we established an integrated headquarters for AMES in Orlando, Florida. AMES is now positioned to fulfill its mission of Bringing Brands TogetherTM with the leading brands in home and garage organization, outdoor décor, and lawn, garden and cleaning tools. As a result of the expanded scope of the AMES and Clopay businesses, in 2019 we began reporting each as a separate segment. Griffon now reports its operations through three segments. Clopay remains in the Home and Building Products ("HBP") segment, AMES now constitutes our new Consumer and Professional Products ("CPP") segment and our Defense Electronics segment which continues to consist of Telephonics Corporation.

Update of COVID-19 on Our Business

The health and safety of our employees, our customers and their families is a high priority for Griffon. As of the date of this filing, all of Griffon's facilities are fully operational. We have implemented a variety of new policies and procedures, including additional cleaning, social distancing, staggered shifts and prohibiting or significantly restricting on-site visitors, to minimize the risk to our employees of contracting COVID-19. In the United States, we manufacture a substantial majority of the products that we sell. While this helps mitigate the effects of global supplier and transportation disruptions, we are still impacted.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and through the date of this filing, all of our businesses have experienced normal or better order patterns compared with the same time period last year. Most U.S. states lifted initial executive orders issued during the 2020 calendar year requiring all workers to remain at home unless their work is critical, essential, or life-sustaining. Regardless, we believe that, based on the various standards published to date, the work our employees are performing are either critical, essential and/or life-sustaining for the following reasons: 1) Our Defense Electronics segment ("DE") is a defense and national security-related operation supporting the U.S. Government, with a portion of its business being directly with the U.S. Government; 2) HBP residential and commercial garage doors, rolling steel doors and related products that (a) provide protection and support for the efficient and safe movement of people, goods, and equipment in and out of residential and commercial facilities, (b) help prevent fires from spreading from one location to another, and (c) protect warehouses and homes,

and their contents, from damage caused by strong weather events such as hurricanes and tornadoes; and 3) CPP tools and storage products provide critical support for the national infrastructure including construction, maintenance, manufacturing and natural disaster recovery, and is part of the essential supply base to many of its largest customers including Home Depot, Lowe's and Menards. Our AMES international facilities are currently fully operational, as they meet the applicable standards in their respective countries.

Griffon believes it has adequate liquidity to invest in its existing businesses and execute its business plan, while managing its capital structure on both a short-term and long-term basis. In January 2020, Griffon increased total borrowing capacity under its revolving credit facility ("Credit Agreement") by \$50,000, to \$400,000 (of which \$362,218 was available at June 30, 2021), and extended maturity of the facility to 2025. In addition, the Credit Agreement has a \$100,000 accordion feature (subject to lender consent). In February 2020, Griffon refinanced \$850,000 of its \$1,000,000 of senior notes due 2022 with new 5.75% senior notes with a maturity of 2028, and in June 2020 refinanced the remaining \$150,000 under the same terms and indenture as the \$850,000 senior notes due 2028. In August 2020, we completed a public offering of 8,700,000 shares of our common stock for total net proceeds of \$178,165 (the "Public Offering"); a portion of these net proceeds were used to repay outstanding borrowing under our Credit Agreement. At June 30, 2021, Griffon had cash and equivalents of \$220,697.

We will continue to actively monitor the situation and may take further actions that impact our operations as may be required by federal, state or local authorities or that we determine are in the best interests of our employees, customers, suppliers and shareholders. While we are unable to determine or predict the nature, duration or scope of the overall impact the COVID-19 pandemic will have on our businesses, results of operations, liquidity or capital resources, we believe it is important to discuss where our company stands today, how our response to COVID-19 is progressing and how our operations and financial condition may change as the fight against COVID-19 progresses.

Business Highlights

In August 2020, we completed a public offering of 8,700,000 shares of our common stock for total net proceeds of \$178,165; a portion of these proceeds were used to repay outstanding borrowing under our Credit Agreement. The Company intends to use the remainder of the proceeds for general corporate purposes, including to expand its current business through acquisitions of, or investments in, other businesses or products.

On February 19, 2020, Griffon issued, at par, \$850,000 of 5.75% Senior Notes due in 2028 (the "2028 Senior Notes") and on June 8, 2020 Griffon issued an additional \$150,000 of 2028 Senior Notes at 100.25% of par under the same indenture. Proceeds from the 2028 Senior Notes were used to redeem the \$1,000,000 of 5.25% Senior Notes due 2022.

In November 2019, Griffon announced the development of a next-generation business platform for CPP to enhance the growth, efficiency, and competitiveness of its U.S. operations, and on November 12, 2020, Griffon announced that CPP is broadening this strategic initiative to include additional North American facilities, the AMES UK and Australia businesses, and a manufacturing facility in China.

The expanded focus of this initiative leverages the same three key development areas being executed within our U.S. operations. First, certain AMES global operations will be consolidated to optimize facilities footprint and talent. Second, strategic investments in automation and facilities expansion will be made to increase the efficiency of our manufacturing and fulfillment operations, and support e-commerce growth. Third, multiple independent information systems will be unified into a single data and analytics platform, which will serve the whole AMES global enterprise.

Expanding the roll-out of the new business platform from our AMES U.S. operations to include AMES' global operations will extend the duration of the project by one year, with completion now expected by the end of calendar year 2023. When fully implemented, these actions will result in annual cash savings of \$30,000 to \$35,000 and a reduction in inventory of \$30,000 to \$35,000, both based on fiscal 2020 operating levels.

The cost to implement this new business platform, over the duration of the project, will include one-time charges of approximately \$65,000 and capital investments of approximately \$65,000. The one-time charges are comprised of \$46,000 of cash charges, which includes \$26,000 of personnel-related costs such as training, severance, and duplicate personnel costs as well as \$20,000 of facility and lease exit costs. The remaining \$19,000 of charges are non-cash and are primarily related to asset write-downs.

In June 2018, Clopay acquired CornellCookson, a leading provider of rolling steel service doors, fire doors, and grilles, for an effective purchase price of approximately \$170,000. This transaction strengthened Clopay's strategic portfolio with a line of commercial rolling steel door products to complement Clopay's sectional door offerings in the commercial sector, and expands

the Clopay network of professional dealers focused on the commercial market. CornellCookson generated over \$200,000 in revenue in its first full year of operations.

In March 2018, we announced the combination of the ClosetMaid operations with those of AMES. ClosetMaid generated over \$300,000 in revenue in the first twelve months after the acquisition, and we anticipate the integration with AMES will unlock additional value given the complementary products, customers, warehousing and distribution, manufacturing, and sourcing capabilities of the two businesses.

In February 2018, we closed on the sale of our Clopay Plastics Products ("Plastics") business to Berry Global, Inc. ("Berry") for approximately \$465,000, net of certain post-closing adjustments, thus exiting the specialty plastics industry that the Company had entered when it acquired Clopay Corporation in 1986. This transaction provided immediate liquidity and positions the Company to improve its cash flow conversion given the historically higher capital needs of the Plastics operations as compared to Griffon's remaining businesses.

In October 2017, we acquired ClosetMaid from Emerson Electric Co. (NYSE:EMR) for an effective purchase price of approximately \$165,000. ClosetMaid, founded in 1965, is a leading North American manufacturer and marketer of wood and wire closet organization, general living storage and wire garage storage products, and sells to some of the largest home center retail chains, mass merchandisers, and direct-to-builder professional installers in North America. We believe that ClosetMaid is the leading brand in its category, with excellent consumer recognition.

We believe these actions have established a solid foundation for continuing organic growth in sales, profit, and cash generation and bolsters Griffon's platforms for opportunistic strategic acquisitions.

Other Acquisitions and Dispositions

On December 22, 2020, AMES acquired Quatro Design Pty Ltd ("Quatro"), a leading Australian manufacturer and supplier of glass fiber reinforced concrete landscaping products for residential, commercial, and public sector projects for a purchase price of AUD \$3,500 (approximately \$2,700). The purchase price is subject to additional contingent consideration of approximately AUD \$1,000 (approximately \$760) based on Quatro exceeding certain EBITDA performance targets in the first year. Quatro is expected to contribute approximately \$5,000 in annualized revenue in the first twelve months after the acquisition.

On December 18, 2020, Defense Electronics completed the sale of its Systems Engineering Group, Inc. ("SEG") business for \$15,000. SEG provides sophisticated, highly technical engineering and analytical support to the Missile Defense Agency and various U.S. military commands. SEG had sales of approximately \$7,000 for the first fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2020 and \$31,000 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

On November 29, 2019, AMES acquired Vatre Group Limited ("Apta"), a leading United Kingdom supplier of innovative garden pottery and associated products sold to leading UK and Ireland garden centers for approximately \$10,500 (GBP 8,750), inclusive of a post-closing working capital adjustment, net of cash acquired. This acquisition broadens AMES' product offerings in the UK market and increases its in-country operational footprint. Apta contributed approximately \$20,000 in revenue in the first twelve months after the acquisition.

On February 13, 2018, AMES acquired Kelkay, a leading United Kingdom manufacturer and distributor of decorative outdoor landscaping products sold to garden centers, retailers and grocers in the UK and Ireland. This acquisition broadened AMES' product offerings in the market and increased its in-country operational footprint.

In November 2017, Griffon acquired Harper Brush Works, a leading U.S. manufacturer of cleaning products for professional, home, and industrial use, from Horizon Global (NYSE:HZN). This acquisition expanded the AMES line of long-handle tools in North America to include brooms, brushes, and other cleaning products.

During fiscal 2017, Griffon also completed a number of other acquisitions to expand and enhance AMES' global footprint. In the United Kingdom, Griffon acquired La Hacienda, an outdoor living brand of unique heating and garden décor products, in July 2017. The acquisition of La Hacienda, together with the February 2018 acquisition of Kelkay and November 2020 acquisition of Apta, provides AMES with additional brands and a platform for growth in the UK market and access to leading garden centers, retailers, and grocers in the UK and Ireland. In Australia, Griffon acquired Hills Home Living, the iconic brand of clotheslines and home products, from Hills Limited (ASX:HIL) in December 2016 and in September 2017, Griffon acquired Tuscan Path, an Australian provider of pots, planters, pavers, decorative stone, and garden décor products. The Hills and

Tuscan Path acquisitions broadened AMES' outdoor living and lawn and garden business, strengthening AMES' portfolio of brands and its market position in Australia and New Zealand.

Further Information

Griffon posts and makes available, free of charge through its website at *www.griffon.com*, its annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as well as press releases, as soon as reasonably practicable after such materials are published or filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The information found on Griffon's website is not part of this or any other report it files with or furnishes to the SEC.

For information regarding revenue, profit and total assets of each segment, see the Reportable Segments footnote in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Reportable Segments:

Griffon currently conducts its operations through three reportable segments:

- CPP conducts its operations through AMES. Founded in 1774, AMES is the leading North American manufacturer and a global provider of branded consumer and professional tools and products for home storage and organization, landscaping, and enhancing outdoor lifestyles. CPP sells products globally through a portfolio of leading brands including True Temper, AMES, and ClosetMaid.
- HBP conducts its operations through Clopay. Founded in 1964, Clopay is the largest manufacturer and marketer of garage doors and rolling steel
 doors in North America. Residential and commercial sectional garage doors are sold through professional dealers and leading home center retail
 chains throughout North America under the brands Clopay, Ideal, and Holmes. Rolling steel door and grille products designed for commercial,
 industrial, institutional, and retail use are sold under the CornellCookson brand.
- DE conducts its operations through Telephonics Corporation, founded in 1933, a globally recognized leading provider of highly sophisticated intelligence, surveillance and communications solutions for defense, aerospace and commercial customers.

OVERVIEW

Revenue for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 was \$646,792 compared to \$632,061 in the prior year comparable quarter, an increase of 2% (4% excluding the prior year revenue of \$7,931 related to the Systems Engineering Group (SEG) disposition), primarily driven by increased revenue at HBP of 18%, partially offset by reduced revenue at CPP and DE of 1% and 25%, respectively. Net income was \$16,707 or \$0.31 per share, compared to \$21,831, or \$0.50 per share, in the prior year quarter.

The current year quarter results from operations included the following:

- Restructuring charges of \$4,082 (\$3,129, net of tax, or \$0.06 per share);
- Discrete and certain other tax provisions, net, of \$2,979 or \$0.06 per share.

The prior year quarter results from operations included the following:

- Restructuring charges of \$1,633 (\$1,224, net of tax, or \$0.03 per share);
- Loss from debt extinguishment \$1,235 (\$969, net of tax, or \$0.02 per share);
- Discrete and certain other tax provisions, net, of \$1,828 or \$0.04 per share.

Excluding these items from the respective quarterly results, Net income would have been \$22,815, or \$0.43 per share, in the current year quarter compared to \$25,852, or \$0.59 per share in the prior year quarter.

Revenue for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 was \$1,890,915 compared to \$1,746,849 in the prior year period, an increase of 8% (9% excluding the current year and prior year revenue of \$6,713 and 21,939, respectively, related to the SEG disposition), primarily driven by increased revenue at CPP and HBP of 12% each, partially offset by reduced revenue at DE of 18%. Net income was \$63,319 or \$1.19 per share, compared to \$33,338, or \$0.76 per share, in the prior year period.

The current year-to-date results from operations included the following:

- Restructuring charges of \$22,444 (\$17,080, net of tax, or \$0.32 per share);
- Gain on sale of Systems Engineering Group ("SEG") business \$5,291 (\$5,251, net of tax, or \$0.10 per share);
- Discrete and certain other tax provisions, net, of \$2,864 or \$0.05 per share.

The prior year-to-date results from operations included the following:

- Restructuring charges of \$11,171 (\$8,377, net of tax, or \$0.19 per share);
- Loss from debt extinguishment \$7,925 (\$6,214, net of tax, or \$0.14 per share);
- Acquisition costs of \$2,960 (\$2,321, net of tax, or \$0.05 per share); and
- Discrete and certain other tax provisions, net, of \$1,248 or \$0.03 per share.

Excluding these items from the respective periods, Net income would have been \$78,012, or \$1.46 per share in the current year period ended June 30, 2021 compared to \$51,498, or \$1.18 per share, in the comparable prior year period.

Griffon evaluates performance based on Net income and the related Earnings per share excluding restructuring charges, loss from debt extinguishment, acquisition related expenses and discrete and certain other tax items, as well as other items that may affect comparability, as applicable. Griffon believes this information is useful to investors for the same reason. The following table provides a reconciliation of Net income to Adjusted net income and Earnings per share to Adjusted earnings per share:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the Nine Months Ended June 30,				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2021		2020	2021			2020		
				(Unaı	ıdite	ed)				
Net income	\$	16,707	\$	21,831	\$	63,319	\$	33,338		
Adjusting items:										
Restructuring charges		4,082		1,633		22,444		11,171		
Gain on sale of SEG business		_		_		(5,291)		_		
Loss from debt extinguishment		_		1,235		_		7,925		
Acquisition costs		_		_		_		2,960		
Tax impact of above items		(953)		(675)		(5,324)		(5,144)		
Discrete and certain other tax provisions, net		2,979		1,828		2,864		1,248		
Adjusted net income	\$	22,815	\$	25,852	\$	78,012	\$	51,498		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.31	\$	0.50	\$	1.19	\$	0.76		
Adjusting items, net of tax:										
Restructuring charges		0.06		0.03		0.32		0.19		
Gain on sale of SEG business		_		_		(0.10)		_		
Loss from debt extinguishment		_		0.02		_		0.14		
Acquisition costs		_		_		_		0.05		
Discrete and certain other tax provisions, net		0.06		0.04		0.05		0.03		
Adjusted earnings per common share	\$	0.43	\$	0.59	\$	1.46	\$	1.18		
Weighted-average shares outstanding (in thousands)		53,504		43,774		53,306		43,818		

Note: Due to rounding, the sum of earnings per common share and adjusting items, net of tax, may not equal adjusted earnings per common share.

The tax impact for the above reconciling adjustments from GAAP to non-GAAP Net income and EPS is determined by comparing the Company's tax provision, including the reconciling adjustments, to the tax provision excluding such adjustments.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three and Nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

Griffon evaluates performance and allocates resources based on each segment's operating results before interest income and expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, unallocated amounts (primarily corporate overhead), restructuring charges, loss on debt extinguishment and acquisition related expenses, as well as other items that may affect comparability, as applicable ("Adjusted EBITDA", a non-GAAP measure). Griffon believes this information is useful to investors for the same reason.

See table provided in Note 13 - Business Segments for a reconciliation of Segment Adjusted EBITDA to Income before taxes.

Consumer and Professional Products

	For the T	s Ended June 30,	For the Nine Months Ended June 30,							
	 2021		2020	_		2021			2020	
Revenue	\$ 324,826	\$	328,929		\$	947,739		\$	844,917	
Adjusted EBITDA	29,388	9.0 %	37,115	11.3 %		99,524	10.5 %		84,068	9.9 %
Depreciation and amortization	8,781		8,197			25,600			24,650	

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, revenue decreased \$4,103, or 1%, compared to the prior year period, due to reduced volume of 9%, primarily in the U.S., due to shipping delays related to availability of transportation, partially offset by favorable mix of 3% and a favorable foreign currency impact of 5%.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, Adjusted EBITDA decreased 21% to \$29,388 compared to \$37,115 in the prior year quarter, primarily due to the decreased revenue noted above, increased distribution and material costs coupled with the lag in realization of price increases, and COVID-19 related inefficiencies. The current quarter included a favorable foreign currency impact of 4%.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021, revenue increased \$102,822, or 12%, compared to the prior year period, primarily due to increased volume of 8%, driven by increased consumer demand across all geographies, and a favorable foreign currency impact of 4%.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021, Adjusted EBITDA increased 18% to \$99,524 compared to \$84,068 in the prior year period. The favorable variance resulted primarily from the increased revenue noted above partially offset by increased distribution and material costs and COVID-19 related inefficiencies. The current year-to-date period included a favorable currency impact of 6%,

For the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2021, segment depreciation and amortization increased \$584 and \$950, respectively, compared to the prior year comparable periods, due to new assets placed in service.

On December 22, 2020, AMES acquired Quatro Design Pty Ltd ("Quatro"), a leading Australian manufacturer and supplier of glass fiber reinforced concrete landscaping products for residential, commercial, and public sector projects. Quatro is expected to contribute approximately \$5,000 in annualized revenue in the first twelve months under AMES' ownership.

On November 29, 2019, AMES acquired Vatre Group Limited ("Apta"), a leading United Kingdom supplier of innovative garden pottery and associated products sold to leading UK and Ireland garden centers. This acquisition broadens AMES' product offerings in the UK market and increases its in-country operational footprint. Apta contributed approximately \$20,000 in revenue in the first twelve months after the acquisition.

Strategic Initiative and Restructuring Charges

In November 2019, Griffon announced the development of a next-generation business platform for CPP to enhance the growth, efficiency, and competitiveness of its U.S. operations, and on November 12, 2020, Griffon announced that CPP is broadening this strategic initiative to include additional North American facilities, the AMES UK and Australia businesses, and a manufacturing facility in China.

The expanded focus of this initiative leverages the same three key development areas being executed within our U.S. operations. First, certain AMES global operations will be consolidated to optimize facilities footprint and talent. Second, strategic investments in automation and facilities expansion will be made to increase the efficiency of our manufacturing and fulfillment operations, and support e-commerce growth. Third, multiple independent information systems will be unified into a single data and analytics platform, which will serve the whole AMES global enterprise.

Expanding the roll-out of the new business platform from our AMES U.S. operations to include AMES' global operations will extend the duration of the project by one year, with completion now expected by the end of calendar year 2023. When fully implemented, these actions will result in annual cash savings of \$30,000 to \$35,000 and a reduction in inventory of \$30,000 to \$35,000 both based on fiscal 2020 operating levels.

The cost to implement this new business platform, over the duration of the project, will include one-time charges of approximately \$65,000 and capital investments of approximately \$65,000. The one-time charges are comprised of \$46,000 of cash charges, which includes \$26,000 of personnel-related costs such as training, severance, and duplicate personnel costs as well as \$20,000 of facility and lease exit costs. The remaining \$19,000 of charges are non-cash and are primarily related to asset write-downs.

In connection with this initiative, during the year ended September 30, 2020 and during the nine months ended June 30, 2021, CPP incurred pre-tax restructuring and related exit costs approximating \$13,669 and \$14,663, respectively. Since inception of this initiative in fiscal 2020, total cumulative charges totaled \$28,332, comprised of cash charges of \$19,758 and non-cash, asset-related charges of \$8,574; the cash charges included \$7,404 for one-time termination benefits and other personnel-related costs and \$12,354 for facility exit costs. During the year ended September, 30, 2020 and during the nine months ended June 30, 2021, capital expenditures of 6,733 and \$8,145, respectively, were driven by investment in CPP business intelligence systems and e-commerce facility.

	Cash Charges				Non-Cas	sh Charges				
	Pers	onnel related costs	Facilities, exit costs and other		Facility and other		Total		Capital Investments	
Phase I	\$	12,000	\$ 4,	,000	\$	19,000	\$	35,000	\$	40,000
Phase II		14,000	16,	,000		_		30,000		25,000
Total Anticipated Charges		26,000	20,	,000		19,000		65,000		65,000
Total 2020 restructuring charges		(5,620)	(3,	,357)		(4,692)		(13,669)		(6,733)
Q1 FY2021 Activity		(362)	(2,	,524)		(193)		(3,079)		(2,236)
Q2 FY2021 Activity		(722)	(4,	,283)		(2,497)		(7,502)	\$	(3,209)
Q3 FY2021 Activity		(700)	(2,	,190)		(1,192)		(4,082)		(2,700)
Total 2021 restructuring charges		(1,784)	(8,	,997)		(3,882)	,	(14,663)		(8,145)
Total cumulative charges		(7,404)	(12,	,354)		(8,574)		(28,332)		(14,878)
Estimate to Complete	\$	18,596	\$ 7,	,646	\$	10,426	\$	36,668	\$	50,122

Home and Building Products

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,						For the Nine Months Ended June 30,					
	 2021			2020			2021			2020		
Revenue	\$ 259,392		\$	219,164		\$	752,684		\$	670,374		
Adjusted EBITDA	42,156	16.3 %		39,299	17.9 %		130,585	17.3 %		110,635	16.5 %	
Depreciation and amortization	4,375			4,507			13,095			13,975		

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, revenue increased \$40,228 or 18%, compared to the prior year period, driven by increased volume of 5%, and favorable mix and pricing of 13%.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, Adjusted EBITDA increased 7% to \$42,156 compared to \$39,299 in the prior year period. EBITDA benefited from increased revenue noted above, partially offset by increased material costs coupled with the lag in realization of price increases, and COVID-19 related inefficiencies.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021, revenue increased \$82,310 or 12%, compared to the prior year period, driven by increased volume of 8%, and favorable mix and pricing of 4%.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021, Adjusted EBITDA increased 18% to \$130,585 compared to \$110,635 in the prior year period. The favorable variance resulted from the increased revenue noted above, partially offset by increased material costs coupled with the lag in realization of price increases, and COVID-19 related inefficiencies.

For the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2021, segment depreciation and amortization decreased \$132 and \$880, respectively, compared to the prior year comparable periods, due to fully depreciated assets.

Defense Electronics

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,						For the Nine Months Ended June 30,					
	 2021			2020			2021			2020		
Revenue	\$ 62,574		\$	83,968		\$	190,492		\$	231,558		
Adjusted EBITDA	4,140	6.6 %		4,122	4.9 %		11,945	6.3 %		12,845	5.5%	
Depreciation and amortization	2,501			2,666			7,911			7,986		

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, revenue decreased \$21,394, or 25%, compared to the prior year quarter. The prior year results include revenue from the SEG business of \$7,931. Excluding the divestiture of SEG from prior year results, revenue decreased \$13,463, or 18%. The decrease was driven by reduced volume due to the timing of deliveries on Communications and Radar systems, partially offset by volume increases on Naval & Cyber Systems.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, Adjusted EBITDA of \$4,140 remained consistent with the prior year comparable period. Excluding the divestiture of SEG from the prior year results, Adjusted EBITDA increased 9% primarily due to reduced operating expenses, including the benefit from the first quarter reduction in force, and improved Naval & Cyber Systems program performance, partially offset by cost growth for Radar systems.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021, revenue decreased \$41,066, or 18%, compared to the prior year period. The current and prior year results include revenue from the SEG business of \$6,713 and \$21,939, respectively. Excluding the divestiture of SEG from current and prior year results, revenue decreased \$25,840, or 12%. The decline in revenue was driven by reduced volume related to the timing of work performed and deliveries on Communications, Surveillance and Radar programs, partially offset by increased Naval & Cyber Systems volume.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021, Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$900, or 7%, compared to the prior year comparable period. Excluding the divestiture of SEG from current and prior year results, Adjusted EBITDA decreased 6% primarily driven by the reduced revenue noted above and cost growth on Radar systems, partially offset by improved Naval & Cyber Systems program performance and reduced operating expenses, including the benefit from the first quarter reduction in force.

For the quarter and nine months ended June 30, 2021, segment depreciation and amortization decreased \$165 and \$75, respectively, compared to the prior year comparable periods, related to the sale of SEG.

On December 18, 2020, DE completed the sale of its SEG business. SEG provides sophisticated, highly technical engineering and analytical support to the Missile Defense Agency and various U.S. military commands. SEG had sales of approximately \$7,000 for the first fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2020 and \$31,000 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, DE was awarded several new contracts and received incremental funding on existing contracts approximating \$189,000 (excludes \$5,500 of SEG awards). Contract backlog was \$375,039 at June 30, 2021 compared to \$341,003 at June 30, 2020 (excludes \$9,440 of SEG related backlog) with 66% expected to be fulfilled in the next 12 months. Backlog was approximately \$370,000 at September 30, 2020 (excludes approximately \$10,000 of SEG related backlog). Backlog is defined as unfilled firm orders for products and services for which funding has been both authorized and appropriated by the customer, or by Congress, in the case of US government agencies.

Restructuring Charges and Divestiture

In September 2020, a Voluntary Employee Retirement Plan was initiated, which was subsequently followed by a reduction in force in November 2020, to improve efficiencies by combining functions and responsibilities. The reduction in force initiative resulted in severance charges of \$2,180, recorded in the first quarter, during the nine months ended June 30, 2021. These actions reduced headcount by approximately 90 people.

In addition, in the first quarter ended December 31, 2020, charges of \$5,601 were recorded primarily related to exiting our older weather radar product lines.

DE recorded a pre-tax gain of \$5,291 (\$5,251, net of tax) during the nine months ended June 30, 2021 related to the divestiture of SEG.

Unallocated

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, unallocated amounts, excluding depreciation, consisted primarily of corporate overhead costs totaling \$10,924 compared to \$11,080 in the prior year quarter; for the nine months ended June 30, 2021, unallocated amounts totaled \$34,873 compared to \$34,969 in the prior year period. The decrease in both the current quarter and nine month periods, compared to their respective comparable prior year periods, primarily relates to decreases in travel and administrative office costs.

Segment Depreciation and Amortization

Segment depreciation and amortization increased \$287 for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 compared to the comparable prior year quarter, primarily due to depreciation and amortization on new assets placed in service. Segment depreciation and amortization for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 remained consistent with the comparable prior year period.

Other Income (Expense)

For the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, Other income (expense) of \$386 and \$806, respectively, includes \$77 and \$72, respectively, of net currency exchange gains in connection with the translation of receivables and payables denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of Griffon and its subsidiaries, net periodic benefit plan income of \$226 and \$392, respectively, as well as \$249 and \$499, respectively, of net investment income (loss).

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, Other income (expense) of \$1,192 and 2,199 includes \$(302) and \$441, respectively, of net currency exchange gains (losses) in connection with the translation of receivables and payables denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of Griffon and its subsidiaries, net periodic benefit plan income of \$680 and \$1,170, respectively, as well as \$877 and \$216, respectively, of net investment income (loss). Additionally, in the prior year period, Other income (expense) also includes a one-time technology recognition award for \$700.

Provision for income taxes

During the quarter ended June 30, 2021, the Company recognized a tax provision of \$12,366 on income before taxes of \$29,073, compared to a tax provision of \$12,649 on income before taxes of \$34,480 in the comparable prior year quarter. The current year quarter results included restructuring charges of \$4,082 (\$3,129, net of tax) and discrete and certain other tax provisions, net, that affect comparability of \$2,979, primarily due to the impact of UK tax rate changes on deferred liabilities. The prior year quarter results included restructuring charges of \$1,633 (\$1,224, net of tax), loss from debt extinguishment of

\$1,235 (\$969, net of tax) and discrete tax and certain other tax provisions, net, that affect comparability of \$1,828. Excluding these items, the effective tax rates for the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were 31.2% and 30.8%, respectively.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, the Company recognized a tax provision of \$32,783 on Income before taxes of \$96,102, compared to a tax provision of \$21,022 on income before taxes of \$54,360 in the comparable prior year period. The nine month period ended June 30, 2021 included restructuring charges of \$22,444 (\$17,080, net of tax), gain on sale of the SEG business of \$5,291 (\$5,251, net of tax) and discrete and certain other tax provisions, net, that affect comparability of \$2,864 primarily due to the impact of UK tax rate changes on deferred liabilities. The nine month period ended June 30, 2020 included restructuring charges of \$11,171 (\$8,377, net of tax), acquisition costs of \$2,960 (\$2,321, net of tax), loss from debt extinguishment of \$7,925 (\$6,214, net of tax) and discrete tax and certain other tax provisions, net, that affect comparability of \$1,248. Excluding these items, the effective tax rates for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were 31.1% and 32.6%, respectively.

Stock based compensation

For the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, stock based compensation expense, which includes expenses for both restricted stock grants and the ESOP, totaled \$5,591 and \$4,507, respectively. For the nine months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, stock based compensation expense totaled \$15,092 and \$12,809, respectively.

Comprehensive income (loss)

For the quarter ended June 30, 2021, total other comprehensive income, net of taxes, of \$2,739 included a gain of \$1,160 from foreign currency translation adjustments primarily due to the strengthening of the Euro, British Pound and Canadian Dollar, partially offset by the weakening of the Australian Dollar, all in comparison to the US Dollar; a \$1,245 benefit from pension amortization; and a \$351 gain on cash flow hedges.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2021, total other comprehensive income, net of taxes, of \$20,655 included a gain of \$15,022 from foreign currency translation adjustments primarily due to the strengthening of the Euro, British Pound, Canadian and Australian Dollars, all in comparison to the US Dollar; a \$4,196 benefit from pension amortization of actuarial losses; and a \$1,454 gain on cash flow hedges.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2020, total other comprehensive income, net of taxes, of \$8,702 included income of \$9,508 from foreign currency translation adjustments primarily due to the strengthening of the Euro, British Pound, and Canadian and Australian Dollars all in comparison to the US Dollar; a \$1,139 benefit from pension amortization of actuarial losses; and a \$1,945 loss on cash flow hedges.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2020, total other comprehensive income, net of taxes, of \$709, included a loss of \$493 from foreign currency translation adjustments primarily due to the weakening of the Canadian Dollar, partially offset by the strengthening of the Euro, British Pound and Australian Dollar currencies, all in comparison to the US Dollar, a \$2,480 benefit from pension amortization of actuarial losses and a \$1,278 loss on cash flow hedges.

Discontinued operations

At June 30, 2021, Griffon's assets and liabilities are primarily for the Installations Services and other discontinued operations primarily related to insurance claims, income tax and product liability, warranty reserves and environmental reserves. See Note 16, Discontinued Operations.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Management assesses Griffon's liquidity in terms of its ability to generate cash to fund its operating, investing and financing activities. Significant factors affecting liquidity are: cash flows from operating activities, capital expenditures, acquisitions, dispositions, bank lines of credit and the ability to attract long-term capital under satisfactory terms. Griffon believes it has sufficient liquidity available to invest in its existing businesses and execute strategic acquisitions, while managing its capital structure on both a short-term and long-term basis.

The following table is derived from the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

Cash Flows from Operations	For the Nine months ended June 30,						
	2021		2020				
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used In):							
Operating activities	\$	42,019 \$	55,944				
Investing activities		(26,300)	(45,073)				
Financing activities		(14,327)	(9,305)				

Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 was \$42,019 compared to \$55,944 in the comparable prior year period. Cash provided by income from operations, adjusted for non-cash expenditures, was partially offset by a net increase in working capital primarily related to a net increase in inventory.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, Griffon's use of cash from investing activities was \$26,300 compared to \$45,073 in the prior year comparable period. On December 18, 2020, DE completed the sale of its SEG business and received net proceeds from the sale of \$14,345. Payments for acquired businesses totaled \$2,242 compared to \$10,531 in the prior year comparable period. On December 22, 2020, AMES acquired Quatro, a leading Australian manufacturer and supplier of glass fiber reinforced concrete landscaping products for residential, commercial, and public sector projects. On November 29, 2019, AMES acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Apta, a leading United Kingdom supplier of innovative garden pottery and associated products sold to leading UK and Ireland garden centers for approximately \$10,500 (GBP 8,750), inclusive of a post-closing working capital adjustment, net of cash acquired. We had an increase in investments of \$4,658. Capital expenditures, net of proceeds from the sale of assets, for the nine months ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$33,773, a decrease of \$639 from the prior year period.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, cash used by financing activities from operations totaled \$14,327 compared to \$9,305 in the prior year comparable period. Cash used in financing activities in the current period consisted primarily of the payment of dividends and purchase of treasury shares to satisfy vesting of restricted stock, partially offset by net borrowings of long-term debt.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, 133,027 shares, with a market value of \$2,774, or \$20.85 per share were withheld to settle employee taxes due upon the vesting of restricted stock, and were added to treasury stock. Furthermore, during the nine months ended June 30, 2021, an additional 6,507 shares, with a market value of \$135, or \$20.75 per share, were withheld from common stock issued upon the vesting of restricted stock units to settle employee taxes due upon vesting.

During 2020, the Company declared and paid regular cash dividends totaling \$0.30 per share, or \$0.075 per share each quarter. During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, the Board of Directors approved and paid three quarterly cash dividend of \$0.08 per share each. The Company currently intends to pay dividends each quarter; however, payment of dividends is determined by the Board of Directors at its discretion based on various factors, and no assurance can be provided as to the payment of future dividends. On July 29, 2021, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.08 per share, payable on September 16, 2021 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on August 19, 2021.

On each of August 3, 2016 and August 1, 2018, Griffon's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of \$50,000 of Griffon's outstanding common stock. Under these share repurchase programs, the Company may, from time to time, purchase shares of its common stock in the open market, including pursuant to a 10b5-1 plan, or in privately negotiated transactions. As of June 30, 2021, an aggregate of \$57,955 remains under Griffon's Board authorized repurchase programs. No shares were repurchased during the nine months ended June 30, 2021 under these share repurchase programs.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, COVID-19 has not had a material impact on our operations, and we anticipate our current cash balances, cash flows from operations and sources of liquidity will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements.

Payments related to DE revenue are received in accordance with the terms of development and production subcontracts; certain of such receipts are progress or performance-based payments. With respect to CPP and HBP, there have been no material adverse impacts on payment for sales.

A small number of customers account for, and are expected to continue to account for, a substantial portion of Griffon's consolidated revenue. For the nine months ended June 30, 2021:

- The United States Government and its agencies, through either prime or subcontractor relationships, represented 7% of Griffon's consolidated revenue and 67% of DE revenue.
- The Home Depot represented 17% of Griffon's consolidated revenue, 25% of CPP's revenue and 11% of HBP's revenue.

No other customer exceeded 10% of consolidated revenue. Future operating results will continue to depend substantially on the success of Griffon's largest customers and our ongoing relationships with them. Orders from these customers are subject to change and may fluctuate materially. The loss of all or a portion of the volume from any one of these customers could have a material adverse impact on Griffon's liquidity and results of operations.

Cash and Equivalents and Debt	June 30, 2021	September 30, 2020		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 220,697	\$	218,089	
Notes payables and current portion of long-term debt	13,024		9,922	
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	1,042,612		1,037,042	
Debt discount/premium and issuance costs	15,485		17,458	
Total debt	1,071,121		1,064,422	
Debt, net of cash and equivalents	\$ 850,424	\$	846,333	

On June 22, 2020, in an unregistered offering through a private placement, Griffon completed the add-on offering of \$150,000 principal amount of its 5.75% Senior Notes, at 100.25% of par, to Griffon's previously issued \$850,000 principal amount of its 5.75% Senior Notes, at par, completed on February 19, 2020 (collectively, the "Senior Notes"). Proceeds from the Senior Notes were used to redeem the \$1,000,000 of 5.25% 2022 senior notes. As of June 30, 2021, outstanding Senior Notes due totaled \$1,000,000; interest is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

The Senior Notes are senior unsecured obligations of Griffon guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries, and subject to certain covenants, limitations and restrictions. On April 22, 2020 and August 3, 2020, Griffon exchanged substantially all of the Senior Notes for substantially identical Senior Notes registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), via an exchange offer. The fair value of the Senior Notes approximated \$1,061,250 on June 30, 2021 based upon quoted market prices (level 1 inputs).

In connection with these transactions, Griffon capitalized \$16,448 of underwriting fees and other expenses incurred related to the issuance and exchange of the 2028 Senior Notes, which will amortize over the term of the 2028 Senior Notes. Furthermore, all of the obligations associated with the 2022 Senior Notes were discharged. Additionally, Griffon recognized a \$7,925 loss on the early extinguishment of debt of the \$1,000,000 principal amount of 2022 Senior Notes, comprised primarily of the write-off of \$6,725 of remaining deferred financing fees, \$607 of tender offer net premium expense and \$593 of redemption interest expense.

On January 30, 2020, Griffon amended its revolving credit facility (as amended, the "Credit Agreement") to increase the maximum borrowing availability from \$350,000 to \$400,000, and extend its maturity date from March 22, 2021 to March 22, 2025 and modify certain other provisions of the facility. The facility includes a letter of credit sub-facility with a limit of \$100,000; a multi-currency sub-facility of \$200,000; and contains a customary accordion feature that permits us to request, subject to each lender's consent, an increase in the maximum aggregate amount that can be borrowed by up to an additional \$100,000.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be repaid and re-borrowed at any time. Interest is payable on borrowings at either a LIBOR or base rate benchmark rate, plus an applicable margin, which adjusts based on financial performance. Current margins are 0.50% for base rate loans and 1.50% for LIBOR loans. The Credit Agreement has certain financial maintenance tests including a maximum total leverage ratio, a maximum senior secured leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage

ratio, as well as customary affirmative and negative covenants, and events of default. The negative covenants place limits on Griffon's ability to, among other things, incur indebtedness, incur liens, and make restricted payments and investments. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by Griffon's material domestic subsidiaries and are secured, on a first priority basis, by substantially all domestic assets of the Company and the guarantors, and a pledge of not greater than 65% of the equity interest in Griffon's material, first-tier foreign subsidiaries. At June 30, 2021, there were \$20,775 of outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement; outstanding standby letters of credit were \$17,007; and \$362,218 was available, subject to certain loan covenants, for borrowing at that date.

Two of Griffon's subsidiaries have finance leases outstanding for real estate located in Troy, Ohio and Ocala, Florida. The leases mature in November 2021 and 2025, respectively, and bear interest at fixed rates of approximately 5.0% and 5.6%, respectively. The Troy, Ohio lease is secured by a mortgage on the real estate, which is guaranteed by Griffon, and has a one dollar buyout at the end of the lease. The Ocala, Florida lease contains two five-year renewal options. At June 30, 2021, \$15,254 was outstanding, net of issuance costs.

In November 2012, Garant G.P. ("Garant"), a Griffon wholly owned subsidiary, entered into a CAD 15,000 (\$12,126 as of June 30, 2021) revolving credit facility. The facility accrues interest at LIBOR (USD) or the Bankers Acceptance Rate (CDN) plus 1.3% per annum (1.40% LIBOR USD and 1.48% Bankers Acceptance Rate CDN as of June 30, 2021). The revolving facility matures in October 2022. Garant is required to maintain a certain minimum equity. At June 30, 2021, there were no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility with CAD 15,000 (\$12,126 as of June 30, 2021) available.

In July 2016, Griffon Australia Holdings Pty Ltd and its Australian subsidiaries (collectively, "Griffon Australia") entered into an AUD 29,625 term loan, AUD 20,000 revolver and AUD 10,000 receivable purchase facility agreement. The term loan requires quarterly principal payments of AUD 1,250 plus interest with a balloon payment of AUD 9,625 due upon maturity in March 2022, and accrues interest at Bank Bill Swap Bid Rate "BBSY" plus 1.95% per annum (2.01% at June 30, 2021). During fiscal 2020, the term loan balance was reduced by AUD 5,000, from AUD 23,375 to AUD 18,375 with proceeds from an AUD 5,000 increase in the commitment of the receivables purchase line from AUD 10,000 to AUD 15,000. As of June 30, 2021, the term loan had an outstanding balance of AUD 12,125 (\$9,131 as of June 30, 2021). The revolving facility and receivable purchase facility mature in March 2022, but are renewable upon mutual agreement with the lender. The revolving facility and receivable purchase facility accrue interest at BBSY plus 1.9% and 1.35%, respectively, per annum (1.98% and 1.41%, respectively, at June 30, 2021). At June 30, 2021, there were no balances outstanding under the revolver and the receivable purchase facility. The revolver, receivable purchase facility and the term loan are all secured by substantially all of the assets of Griffon Australia and its subsidiaries. Griffon Australia is required to maintain a certain minimum equity level and is subject to a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum fixed charges cover ratio.

In July 2018, The AMES Companies UK Ltd and its subsidiaries (collectively, "AMES UK") entered into a GBP 14,000 term loan, GBP 4,000 mortgage loan and GBP 5,000 revolver. The term loan and mortgage loan require quarterly principal payments of GBP 438 and GBP 105 plus interest, respectively, and have balloon payments due upon maturity, July 2023, of GBP 7,088 and GBP 2,349, respectively. The Term Loan and Mortgage Loans each accrue interest at the GBP LIBOR Rate plus 1.8%, (1.86% at June 30, 2021). The revolving facility accrues interest at the Bank of England Base Rate plus 1.8% (1.90% as of June 30, 2021) and was renewed in June 2021. The revolving credit facility matures in April 2022, but it is renewable upon mutual agreement with the lender. As of June 30, 2021, the revolver had an outstanding balance of GBP \$2,073 (\$2,871 as of June 30, 2021) while the term and mortgage loan balances amounted to GBP 13,771 (\$19,073 as of June 30, 2021). The revolver and the term loan are both secured by substantially all of the assets of AMES UK and its subsidiaries. AMES UK is subject to a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum fixed charges cover ratio. An invoice discounting arrangement was canceled and replaced by the above loan facilities.

On March 13, 2019, Griffon's Employee Stock Ownership Plan entered into an agreement that refinanced a term loan with a bank with an internal loan from Griffon. The internal loan interest rate is fixed at 2.91%, matures in June 2033 and requires quarterly payments of principal, currently \$620, and interest. The internal loan is secured by shares purchased with the proceeds of the loan. The amount outstanding on the internal loan at June 30, 2021 was \$27,988.

Other long-term debt primarily consists of a loan with the Pennsylvania Industrial Development Authority, with the balance consisting of capital leases.

At June 30, 2021, Griffon and its subsidiaries were in compliance with the terms and covenants of its credit and loan agreements. Gross Debt to EBITDA (Leverage), as calculated in accordance with the definition in the Credit Agreement, was 2.9x at June 30, 2021.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2021, cash provided by discontinued operations from operating activities of \$1,080 primarily related to insurance proceeds received, partially offset by the settling of certain liabilities and environmental costs associated with the Installations Services.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2020, Griffon used cash for discontinued operations from operating activities of \$2,481 primarily related to the settling of certain liabilities and environmental costs associated with the Plastics business and Installations Services.

SUPPLEMENTAL GUARANTOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Griffon's Senior Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally by Clopay Corporation, Telephonics Corporation, The AMES Companies, Inc., ATT Southern LLC, Clopay AMES Holding Corp., ClosetMaid LLC, CornellCookson, LLC and Cornell Real Estate Holdings, LLC, all of which are indirectly 100% owned by Griffon. In accordance with Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X promulgated under the Securities Act, presented below are summarized financial information of the Parent (Griffon) subsidiaries and the Guarantor subsidiaries as of June 30, 2021 and September 30, 2020 and for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2021 and for the year ended September 30, 2020. All intercompany balances and transactions between subsidiaries under Parent and subsidiaries under the Guarantor have been eliminated. The information presented below excludes eliminations necessary to arrive at the information on a consolidated basis. The summarized information excludes financial information of the Non-Guarantors, including earnings from and investments in these entities. The financial information may not necessarily be indicative of the results of operations or financial position of the guarantor companies or non-guarantor companies had they operated as independent entities. The guarantor companies and the non-guarantor companies include the consolidated financial results of their wholly-owned subsidiaries accounted for under the equity method.

The indentures relating to the Senior Notes (the "Indentures") contain terms providing that, under certain limited circumstances, a guarantor will be released from its obligations to guarantee the Senior Notes. These circumstances include (i) a sale of at least a majority of the stock, or all or substantially all the assets, of the subsidiary guarantor as permitted by the Indentures; (ii) a public equity offering of a subsidiary guarantor that qualifies as a "Minority Business" as defined in the Indentures (generally, a business the EBITDA of which constitutes less than 50% of the segment adjusted EBITDA of the Company for the most recently ended four fiscal quarters), and that meets certain other specified conditions as set forth in the Indentures; (iii) the designation of a guarantor as an "unrestricted subsidiary" as defined in the Indentures, in compliance with the terms of the Indentures; (iv) Griffon exercising its right to defease the Senior Notes, or to otherwise discharge its obligations under the Indentures, in each case in accordance with the terms of the Indentures; and (v) upon obtaining the requisite consent of the holders of the Senior Notes.

Summarized Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

		For the Nine Moi June 30, 2		For the Year Ended September 30, 2020			
	Parer	nt Company	Guarantor Companies	P	arent Company	Guarantor Companies	
Net sales	\$	— \$	1,473,169	\$	— \$	1,938,972	
Gross profit	\$	— \$	372,389	\$	— \$	488,048	
Income (loss) from operations	\$	(15,953)\$	102,339	\$	(24,876) \$	130,147	
Equity in earnings of Guarantor subsidiaries	\$	57,490 \$	_	\$	58,455 \$	_	
Net income (loss)	\$	(29,487) \$	38.021	\$	(48,546) \$	58,455	

Summarized Balance Sheet Information

	For the Nine Months Ended June 30, 2021				For the Year Ended September 30, 2020			
	Parent	Company	Guarantor Companies	Pare	ent Company	Guarantor Companies		
Current assets	\$	124,800 \$	871,491	\$	140,003 \$	776,069		
Non-current assets		17,805	1,075,871		23,069	1,046,225		
Total assets	\$	142,605 \$	1,947,362	\$	163,072 \$	1,822,294		
Current liabilities	\$	51,125 \$	332,094	\$	39,130 \$	296,293		
Long-term debt		1,005,450	14,735		995,636	15,992		
Other liabilities		36,339	183,331		38,024	195,792		
Total liabilities	\$	1,092,914 \$	530,160	\$	1,072,790 \$	508,077		

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of Griffon's consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires the use of estimates, assumptions, judgments and subjective interpretations of accounting principles that have an impact on assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. These estimates can also affect supplemental information contained in public disclosures of Griffon, including information regarding contingencies, risk and its financial condition. These estimates, assumptions and judgments are evaluated on an ongoing basis and based on historical experience, current conditions and various other assumptions, and form the basis for estimating the carrying values of assets and liabilities, as well as identifying and assessing the accounting treatment for commitments and contingencies. Actual results may materially differ from these estimates. There have been no changes in Griffon's critical accounting policies from September 30, 2020.

Griffon's significant accounting policies and procedures are explained in the Management Discussion and Analysis section in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2020. In the selection of the critical accounting policies, the objective is to properly reflect the financial position and results of operations for each reporting period in a consistent manner that can be understood by the reader of the financial statements. Griffon considers an estimate to be critical if it is subjective and if changes in the estimate using different assumptions would result in a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of Griffon.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The FASB issues, from time to time, new financial accounting standards, staff positions and emerging issues task force consensus. See the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of these matters.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, especially "Management's Discussion and Analysis", contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Securities Act, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements relate to, among other things, income (loss), earnings, cash flows, revenue, changes in operations, operating improvements, industries in which Griffon Corporation (the "Company" or "Griffon") operates and the United States and global economies. Statements in this Form 10-Q that are not historical are hereby identified as "forward-looking statements" and may be indicated by words or phrases such as "anticipates," "supports," "plans," "projects," "expects," "believes," "should," "would," "could," "hope," "forecast," "management is of the opinion," "may," "will," "estimates," "intends," "explores," "opportunities," the negative of these expressions, use of the future tense and similar words or phrases. Such forward-looking statements are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, among others: current economic conditions and uncertainties in the housing, credit and capital markets; Griffon's ability to achieve expected savings from cost control, restructuring, integration and disposal initiatives; the ability to identify and successfully consummate and integrate value-adding acquisition opportunities; increasing competition and pricing pressures in the markets served by Griffon's operating companies; the ability of Griffon's operating companies to expand into new geographic and product markets and to anticipate and meet customer demands for new products and product enhancements and innovations; reduced military spending by the government on projects for which Telephonics supplies products, including as a result of defense budget cuts or other government actions; the ability

increases in the cost or lack of availability of raw materials such as resin, wood and steel, components or purchased finished goods, including any potential impact on costs or availability resulting from tariffs; changes in customer demand or loss of a material customer at one of Griffon's operating companies; the potential impact of seasonal variations and uncertain weather patterns on certain of Griffon's businesses; political events that could impact the worldwide economy; a downgrade in Griffon's credit ratings; changes in international economic conditions including interest rate and currency exchange fluctuations; the reliance by certain of Griffon's businesses on particular third party suppliers and manufacturers to meet customer demands; the relative mix of products and services offered by Griffon's businesses, which impacts margins and operating efficiencies; short-term capacity constraints or prolonged excess capacity; unforeseen developments in contingencies, such as litigation, regulatory and environmental matters; unfavorable results of government agency contract audits of Telephonics; Griffon's ability to adequately protect and maintain the validity of patent and other intellectual property rights; the cyclical nature of the businesses of certain of Griffon's operating companies; possible terrorist threats and actions and their impact on the global economy; the impact of COVID-19 on the U.S. and the global economy, including business disruptions, reductions in employment and an increase in business and operating facility failures, specifically among our customers and suppliers; Griffon's ability to service and refinance its debt; and the impact of recent and future legislative and regulatory changes, including, without limitation, changes in tax laws. Additional important factors that could cause the statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or the actual results of operations or financial condition of Griffon to differ are discussed under the caption "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Special Notes Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in Griffon's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2020. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made. Griffon undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Griffon's business' activities necessitate the management of various financial and market risks, including those related to changes in interest rates, foreign currency rates and commodity prices.

Interest Rates

Griffon's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to variable interest rate debt and investments in cash and equivalents.

The Credit Agreement and certain other of Griffon's credit facilities have a LIBOR-based variable interest rate. Due to the current and expected level of borrowings under these facilities, a 100 basis point change in LIBOR would not have a material impact on Griffon's results of operations or liquidity.

Foreign Exchange

Griffon conducts business in various non-US countries, primarily in Canada, Australia, the United Kingdom, Mexico and China; therefore, changes in the value of the currencies of these countries affect Griffon's financial position and cash flows when translated into US Dollars. Griffon has generally accepted the exposure to exchange rate movements relative to its non-US operations. Griffon may, from time to time, hedge its currency risk exposures. A change of 10% or less in the value of all applicable foreign currencies would not have a material effect on Griffon's financial position and cash flows.

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of Griffon's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), Griffon's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e), were evaluated as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, Griffon's CEO and CFO concluded that Griffon's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

During the period covered by this report, there were no changes in Griffon's internal control over financial reporting which materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Griffon's internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

Griffon believes that a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, cannot provide absolute assurance that the objectives of the control system are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all controls issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected. Griffon's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e), are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 Legal Proceedings None

Item 1A Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, carefully consider the factors in Item 1A to Part I in Griffon's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2020, which could materially affect Griffon's business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in Griffon's Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing Griffon. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to Griffon or that Griffon currently deems to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect Griffon's business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid Per Share (or Unit)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (1)
April 1 - 30, 2021	_	\$	_	
May 1 - 31, 2021	_	_	_	
June 1 - 30, 2021	_	_	_	
Total		\$ —		\$ 57,955

(d) Maximum

Item 3 Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4 Mine Safety Disclosures

None

Item 5 Other Information

None

^{1.} On each of August 3, 2016 and August 1, 2018, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$50,000 of Griffon common stock; as of June 30, 2021, an aggregate of \$57,955 remained available for the purchase of Griffon common stock under these repurchase programs.

Item 6

Exhibits

31.1	Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definitions Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentations Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GRIFFON CORPORATION

/s/ Brian G. Harris

Brian G. Harris Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ W. Christopher Durborow

W. Christopher Durborow Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: July 29, 2021

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

- I, Ronald J. Kramer, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Griffon Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 29, 2021

/s/ Ronald J. Kramer

Ronald J. Kramer Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

- I, Brian G. Harris, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Griffon Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 29, 2021

/s/ Brian G. Harris

Brian G. Harris Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Ronald J. Kramer, Chief Executive Officer of Griffon Corporation, hereby certify that the Form 10-Q of Griffon Corporation for the period ended June 30, 2021 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Griffon Corporation.

/s/ Ronald J. Kramer

Name: Ronald J. Kramer Date: July 29, 2021

I, Brian G. Harris, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Griffon Corporation, hereby certify that the Form 10-Q of Griffon Corporation for the period ended June 30, 2021 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Griffon Corporation.

/s/ Brian G. Harris

Name: Brian G. Harris Date: July 29, 2021

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Griffon Corporation and will be retained by Griffon Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.